5-91 Carbon steel balls are to be annealed at a rate of 2500/h by heating them first and then allowing them to cool slowly in ambient air at a specified rate. The total rate of heat transfer from the balls to the ambient air is to be determined.

Furnace

Assumptions 1 The thermal properties of the balls are constant. 2 There are no changes in kinetic and potential energies. 3 The balls are at a uniform temperature at the end of the process

Properties The density and specific heat of the balls are given to be $\rho = 7833 \text{ kg/m}^3$ and $c_p = 0.465 \text{ kJ/kg.}^\circ\text{C}$.

Analysis We take a single ball as the system. The energy balance for this closed system can be expressed as



(b) The amount of heat transfer from a single ball is

$$m = \rho \mathbf{V} = \rho \frac{\pi D^3}{6} = (7833 \text{ kg/m}^3) \frac{\pi (0.008 \text{ m})^3}{6} = 0.00210 \text{ kg}$$

$$Q_{\text{out}} = mc_p (T_1 - T_2) = (0.0021 \text{ kg})(0.465 \text{ kJ/kg.}^\circ\text{C})(900 - 100)^\circ\text{C} = 0.781 \text{ kJ} \text{ (per ball)}$$

Then the total rate of heat transfer from the balls to the ambient air becomes

$$Q_{\text{out}} = \dot{n}_{\text{ball}}Q_{\text{out}} = (2500 \text{ balls/h}) \times (0.781 \text{ kJ/ball}) = 1,953 \text{ kJ/h} = 542 \text{ W}$$