Pathways to Permanent Residence for International Students

SFU
28 November 2019

IMPORTANT: The information in this presentation is accurate as of the date of the presentation. Policies & programs are subject to change. For the latest updates, please consult www.Canada.ca/Immigration
International Students and Permanent Residence

- International students have the education, skills and experience that Canada is looking for.
- After graduating you might be able to make Canada your permanent home through Express Entry.
This presentation will cover:

- Important Concepts

- Overview of Pathways to Permanent Residence for International Students:
  - Working in Canada during studies & after graduation
  - Applying for Permanent Residence through Express Entry

- Questions & Answers
Important Concepts: Permanent Residence & Citizenship

- A **temporary resident** is a person in Canada temporarily, like a visitor, student, or foreign worker.
- A **permanent resident** is someone who has been given permanent resident status by immigrating to Canada, but is not a Canadian citizen – permanent residents are citizens of other countries.
- A **Canadian citizen** has many rights and responsibilities and can apply for a Canadian passport.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What Permanent Residents Can Do</th>
<th>What Permanent Residents Cannot Do</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Get social benefits including health care coverage</td>
<td>Vote</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Live, work or study anywhere in Canada</td>
<td>Run for political office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apply for Canadian citizenship (after living in Canada for at least 3 years in the past 5 years)</td>
<td>Hold some jobs that need a high-level security clearance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Be protected under the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Both permanent residents and citizens must pay taxes and respect all laws.*
Important Concepts:
National Occupational Classification (NOC)

- The **National Occupation Classification (NOC)** is a classification system used by the Government of Canada to classify occupations (jobs).

- **NOC codes** identify jobs by occupational area and skill type or level. Work experience for **Express Entry: NOC 0, A and B**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOC</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOC 0</td>
<td>Management Jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOC A</td>
<td>Professional Jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>(usually require university education)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOC B</td>
<td>Technical Jobs and Skilled Trades</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>(usually require college education or apprenticeship training)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOC C</td>
<td>Semi-skilled jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>(usually require secondary school or vocational training)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOC D</td>
<td>Entry level jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>(on-the-job training)</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Don’t rely on job title alone. Duties in the NOC description should also match your actual work experience – Refer to the “**Find your NOC**” page on the [Canada.ca](http://Canada.ca) website.
NOC Code Examples: Find the Skill Type or Level

- **Skill Type or Level is Referenced in each NOC Code:**

  **Skill Type 0** – 1st digit of code is 0
  
  NOC 0015 – CEO of Manufacturing Company  
  NOC 0112 – Human Resources Manager

  **Skill Level A** – 2nd digit of code is 0 or 1
  
  NOC 4021 – College Instructor  
  NOC 1111 – Accountant

  **Skill Level B** – 2nd digit of code is 2 or 3
  
  NOC 1241 – Administrative Assistant  
  NOC 6322 – Cook

  **Skill Level C** – 2nd digit of code is 4 or 5
  
  NOC 1414 - Receptionist  
  NOC 6513 – Food and Beverage Server

  **Skill Level D** – 2nd digit of code is 6 or 7
  
  NOC 6611 – Cashier  
  NOC 6711 – Food Counter Attendant
Important Concepts: Language Tests & Canadian Language Benchmarks (CLB)

• **Language Tests** are used to determine speaking, listening, reading, and writing ability in Canada’s official languages: **English** & **French**.

• Language Test Scores are equated to the **Canadian Language Benchmarks (CLB)** - language test **equivalency charts** are available on the IRCC website.

• **Everyone** must prove their language ability by taking an approved language test:
  - ✓ English: **CELPIP General**
  - ✓ English: **IELTS General Training**
  - ✓ French: **TEF**
  - ✓ French: **TCF Canada**

• Test results must be **less than two years old** when the candidate completes their Express Entry profile, and when they apply for permanent residence.
Important Concepts:
Educational Credential Assessment (ECA)

• An Educational Credential Assessment (ECA) is used to verify a foreign degree, diploma, certificate (or other proof of your credential) is equivalent to a Canadian one.

• A list of designated organizations that offer ECAs is on the IRCC website.

• Education points are awarded for the highest educational credential completed – for candidates with a masters, professional, or doctoral degree, ECAs are not needed for lower-level credentials.

• Additional points are awarded for two or more credentials only if one program was three or more years in length – ECAs are needed only for the three or more year credential and the next-highest credential.
Student Immigration Journey: Work Options

**Programs**

**Study Permit:**
- On-Campus Work
- Off-Campus Work

**Work Permit:**
- Co-op / Internship

**How to Qualify**
- Full-time studies
- Minimum 6-month study program
- Graduation from a full-time study program at an eligible Designated Learning Institution
- Minimum 8-month study program

**Studying**

**Post Graduation**

**Post Graduation Work Permit:**
- Open work permit for up to 3 years

**Permanent Residence**

**Express Entry:**
- Federal Skilled Worker (FSW)
- Federal Skilled Trades (FST)
- Canadian Experience Class (CEC)
- Provincial Nominee Program (PNP)

**How to Qualify**
- Work experience (requirement varies by program)
- Language proficiency
- Educational qualification
Post-Graduation Work Permit (PGWP) Program

- Helps students who have graduated from an eligible Canadian post-secondary institution to gain valuable Canadian work experience.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Duration of study program (determined by DLI)</th>
<th>Validity of PGWP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>at least 8 months but less than 2 years</td>
<td>same as study program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 years or longer</td>
<td>3 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- PGWP is an **open work permit**

- Only skilled (NOC 0, A, B) work experience helps you qualify for permanent residence through federal programs.

- Once you find a skilled job with your PGWP, your spouse or partner can also apply for an open work permit.

- You can only obtain a PGWP **once** (it’s not renewable).
PGWP eligibility

• You may be eligible for a Post-Graduation Work Permit if:
  ✓ You have **completed and passed** a post-secondary academic, vocational, or professional education program in Canada
  ✓ You studied at an **eligible Designated Learning Institution (DLI)**
  ✓ You studied **full time**
  ✓ The program was **at least 8 months** in length
  ✓ You did not take **unscheduled breaks or unauthorized leave** from your studies
  ✓ You did not exceed the **allowable hours of off-campus work**
  ✓ You **apply within 180 days** of receiving written confirmation from the educational institution indicating that you are eligible to obtain a degree, diploma, or certificate
Transitioning to Work After Graduation

• Once you get written confirmation from the educational institution stating that you are eligible to obtain a degree, diploma, or certificate (completion letter or final transcript):
  
  o **within 90 days**, you must depart Canada or, if you remain in Canada, be accepted to a new study program, apply for a work permit, or to change to visitor status;
  
  o you must **stop** working unless you apply for a work permit or start a new study program on your **valid** study permit.

• Once you have applied for a Post-Graduation Work Permit, you can transition to full-time work; if your work permit application is refused, you must **stop** working.

• You can **travel outside of Canada** and return while your work permit application is in process, but make sure you have a valid visa or eTA to return.

• If you wait **more than 90 days** to apply for a work permit after completing your study program, you will not be able to work while awaiting a decision on your application.
Important to Know

• There are different Federal (IRCC) and provincial/territorial pathways to become a permanent resident of Canada

• The best pathway for you depends on your unique combination of skills and experience

• The best time to apply is when you are eligible

• Only the federal government can grant permanent residence, so even if you’re nominated by a province or territory, you still need to apply for permanent residence through IRCC
Student Pathway to Permanent Residence through Express Entry

• Immigrating Permanently to Canada is a Multi-Step Process:

1. Apply for a study permit
2. Complete studies in an eligible program
3. Apply for a post-graduation work permit
4. Gain one year of work experience at the NOC 0, A, or B level
5. Pass an approved language test
Express Entry: Background

- **Express Entry** is the first step to immigrate to Canada permanently as a skilled worker under the:

  - Federal Skilled Worker Program (**FSW**)
  - Federal Skilled Trades Program (**FST**)
  - Canadian Experience Class (**CEC**)
  - A portion of the Provincial Nominee Program (**PNP**)

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**STEP 1**
- Create your profile
- Express Entry Pool
- Job Bank registration and self-promotion to employers

**STEP 2**
- Express Entry Pool
- Invitation to Apply
- Apply for permanent residence online
Express Entry Highlights for International Students

- User friendly, **online system** from profile creation to application for permanent residence;
- Creating an Express Entry profile is **free** and a profile stays active for up to one year;
- When a candidate is accepted into the pool, they are given a Comprehensive Ranking System (**CRS**) score;
- The top scoring candidates in the pool are invited to apply for permanent residence in regular invitation rounds;
- Fast processing of permanent residence applications – within 6 months in most cases.
Federal Skilled Worker Program

Key Criteria:

- At least one year of continuous work experience within the last 10 years (in a NOC 0, A or B job), in Canada or in another country.

- Language skills (CLB 7 in all 4 abilities).

- Education (Canadian secondary or post-secondary certificate, diploma or degree, or the foreign equivalent).

- And a score of 67 or higher out of 100 on the Federal Skilled Worker points grid (which assesses six selection factors: language skills, education, work experience, age, arranged employment, adaptability).
Federal Skilled Trades Program

**Key Criteria:**

- At least **24 months of work experience** in an eligible skilled trade within the last five years.

- **Meet job requirements of the skilled trade** as set by the NOC (except the requirement related to certification).

- Language skills (**CLB 5**, speaking and listening; **CLB 4**, reading and writing).

- Have a **valid job offer** in the skilled trade for at least one year, or a **Canadian certificate of qualification** in the skilled trades.

*All work experience in this program falls under NOC B.*
Canadian Experience Class

Key Criteria:

• At least 12 months of skilled Canadian work experience (in a NOC 0, A or B job) within the last three years.

  ✓ Full-Time: 30 hours/week for 12 months (at same job or at more than one job) = 1 year full time (1,560 hours).

  ✓ Part-Time: 15 hours/week for 24 months = 1 year full time (1,560 hours).

• Language skills:

  NOC 0 and A jobs (CLB 7 in all 4 abilities)
  NOC B jobs (CLB 5 in all 4 abilities)
Canadian Experience Class: **Work Experience**

**What DOES count:**

- Full-time (or part-time equivalent) work experience in Canada at NOC 0/A/B level in the past 3 years

- Work experience gained while legally authorized to work in Canada, (e.g. on a Post Graduate or other work permit)

**What DOESN’T count:**

- Any employment in Canada during full-time study (e.g. while on a co-op work permit or off-campus work, while a full-time student)

- Self-employment, even if skilled

- Unauthorized work
Step 1: Create an Express Entry Profile

• Complete your language test(s) and educational credential assessments *before* creating an Express Entry profile.

• Creating a profile *online* is *free* and does not require an immigration lawyer or consultant.

• Answer questions about your education, work experience, language ability, and other details.

• Candidates must meet the criteria of *at least one* of the federal economic immigration programs managed by Express Entry in order to get into the pool.
Key Notes to Remember

- **Keep your profile up to date.** (e.g. new job offer, new language test results, more education completed, changes in family composition, etc.)

- **No guarantees.** Completing a profile does not guarantee you will get an invitation to apply, and applying does not guarantee you will be approved for permanent residence.

- **Be truthful.** Anyone who provides false information could be found inadmissible for misrepresentation and could be barred for five years from applying to come to Canada.
Register with Job Bank

• If you do not already have a valid job offer or provincial/territorial nomination, you are encouraged to register with Job Match after creating an Express Entry profile.

• Connect with job opportunities in Canada based on your skills, knowledge, and experience: www.jobbank.gc.ca
## Comprehensive Ranking System (CRS)

### Core Human Capital Factors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Single 500</th>
<th>Spouse 460</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st Official Language</td>
<td>136</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Official Language</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadian work experience</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Spouse Factors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st Official Language</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadian work experience</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Skill Transferability

100 points max

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Education (with OL or CDN exp)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign work experience (with OL or CDN exp)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qualification cert (with OL)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Additional Points

600 points max

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Provincial Nomination</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valid job offer</td>
<td>200 (max)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadian Education</td>
<td>30 (max)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French proficiency</td>
<td>30 (max)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Siblings in Canada</td>
<td>15 (max)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total: 1200 points max**

This tool will help you calculate your Comprehensive Ranking System (CRS) score: [www.cic.gc.ca/english/immigrate/skilled/crs-tool.asp](http://www.cic.gc.ca/english/immigrate/skilled/crs-tool.asp)
CRS Additional Points: Provincial/Territorial Nomination (600 pts)

- A total of **600 points** are awarded to candidates with a Provincial/Territorial (P/T) nomination

- Participating Provinces and Territories can nominate foreign nationals under their Express Entry Provincial Nominee Program (PNP) streams.

- PNP criteria and streams differ across the country; check individual P/T websites to learn more.

- All candidates nominated via an Express Entry PNP stream must meet the minimum entry criteria for Express Entry including meeting the criteria for one of the three federal economic programs.
CRS Additional Points: 
Valid Job Offers (50 or 200 pts)

• A total of **200 points** are awarded to candidates with a valid job offer in a NOC 00 occupation.

• A total of **50 points** are awarded to candidates with a valid job offer in a NOC 0, A or B occupation.

• A job offer must be for a minimum of one year once an applicant receives permanent residence.

• Job offers must also be non-seasonal, at the NOC 0, A, or B level, and supported by a Labour Market Impact Assessment (LMIA) unless one is not needed.

• Candidates who don’t have a valid job offer can still get points for Canadian work experience.
CRS Additional Points:
Education Completed in Canada (15 or 30 pts)

• A total of **15 points** are awarded for a one- or two-year diploma or certificate.

• A total of **30 points** are awarded for a degree, diploma or certificate of three years or longer, or for a Master’s, entry-to-practice professional degree*, or doctoral degree of at least one academic year.

• To get these points, a candidate must have completed their studies at a designated learning institution (DLI) in Canada.

• Each educational program completed in Canada needs to be entered separately into the Express Entry profile.

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*Entry-to-practice professional degree for an occupation listed in the National Occupational Classification matrix at Skill level A, for which licensing by a provincial regulatory body is required. Eligible occupations: medicine, veterinary medicine, dentistry, optometry, law, chiropractic medicine, or pharmacy.
CRS Additional Points:  
Canada’s Official Languages (15 or 30 pts)

• Candidates can get more CRS points if they have proficiency in both of Canada's official languages (English and French), and submit the results of an approved language test for both English and French.

• *Parlez-vous français?* Visit canada.ca/francoimmigration to learn about Francophone life across Canada.

Additional CRS Points for French Proficiency:

• **15 additional points** for French test results at NCL 7 in all four abilities (listening, speaking, reading, writing).

• **30 additional points** for French test results of NCL 7 in all four abilities + English test results at CLB 5 or higher.
CRS Additional Points:
Sibling in Canada (15 pts)

- **15 points** for having at least one sibling* who is a Canadian permanent resident or citizen, is residing in Canada, and is aged at least 18 years old

- *Sibling* = the biological or adoptive children of candidate or accompanying spouse’s
  - father or mother
  - father or mother’s spouse
  - father or mother’s common-law partner
Step 2: Invitation to Apply

• Invitations to Apply (ITAs) are issued to the highest scoring candidates in the pool in each round.

• Candidates could be among the top scoring if they:
  
  ✓ Have a high level of skills, education, language and work experience;
  ✓ Are nominated by a province or territory under an Express Entry stream;
  ✓ Have a valid job offer; or
  ✓ Have studied in Canada
Express Entry Invitation Rounds

• Invitation rounds take place regularly, usually approximately every 2 to 3 weeks.

• Rounds are based on the Government’s annual levels plan for immigration to Canada and IRCC’s ability to process applications.

• IRCC publishes special instructions for each invitation round including:
  • date and time of the round
  • number of candidates that receive an ITA
  • CRS score of the lowest ranked candidate invited in that particular round

• Lowest-ranked candidates invited to apply in rounds this year have been in the CRS range of 438-475 points
After Receiving and Invitation to Apply

• Candidates have **60 days** to complete and submit an application for permanent residence.

• IRCC then determines if the application has all required forms, documents and fees.

• If your application is complete, IRCC will verify all eligibility and admissibility criteria.

• IRCC processes complete applications in **six months or less**, 80% of the time.
How Much Money Do I Need?

- **Application Fee:**
  - $550 for principal applicant
  - $550 for spouse or partner
  - $150 per dependent child

- **Right of Permanent Residence Fee:**
  - $490 for principal applicant
  - $490 for spouse or partner

- **Proof of Funds (FSW & FST only):**
  - $12,669 for a family of 1
  - $15,772 for a family of 2
  - $19,390 for a family of 3
  - $23,542 for a family of 4

*Exemption if the candidate has a valid job offer or is invited through CEC.*
What if I’m Not Eligible for Express Entry?

- **Work Permit Options:** Temporary Foreign Worker Program & International Mobility Program

- **Other Federal Immigration Programs:**

- **Provincial & Territorial Nominee Programs:**
  - May include options for candidates who do not meet Express Entry requirements.
  - Visit your Province or Territory’s immigration website to find out more information.
For More Information

Help Centre
What do you need help with?

Centre d’aide
Comment pouvons-nous vous aider?

http://www.cic.gc.ca/english/helpcentre/index-featured-can.asp

English: CitCanada
French: CitImmCanFR

English: @CitImmCanada
French: @CitImmCanFR

CitImmCanada
THANK YOU

Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada

IRCC Client Support Centre:
1-888-242-2100

IRCC Web form: