

# Artificial Pathologists

# Machine Learning Models for Histopathology

**BC Cancer Agency** 

Weakly-supervised

More intuitive

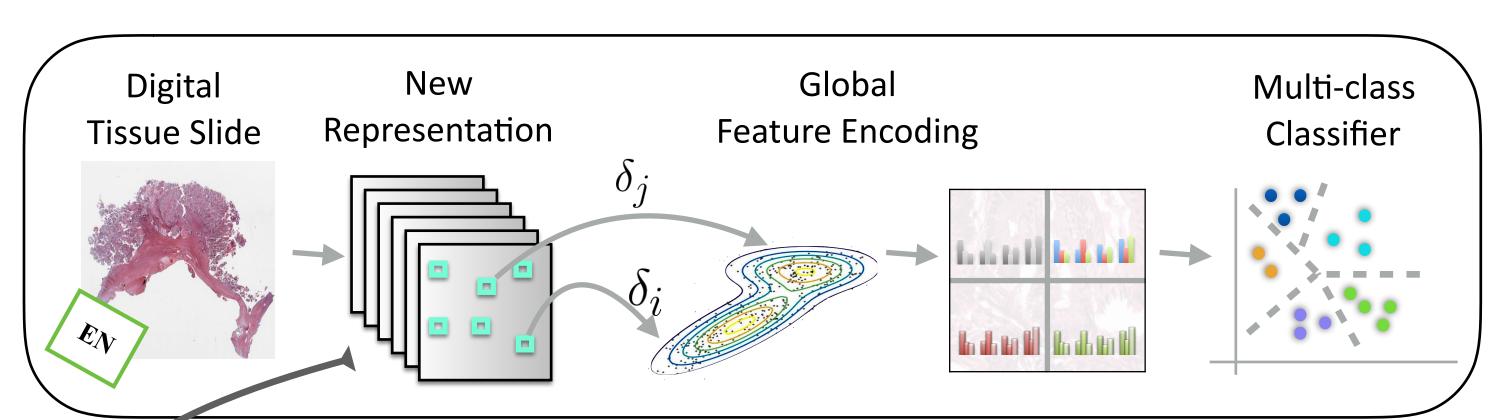
Highlights abnormality

### Aïcha BenTaieb and Ghassan Hamarneh In Collaboration With: Hector Li-Chang and David Huntsman

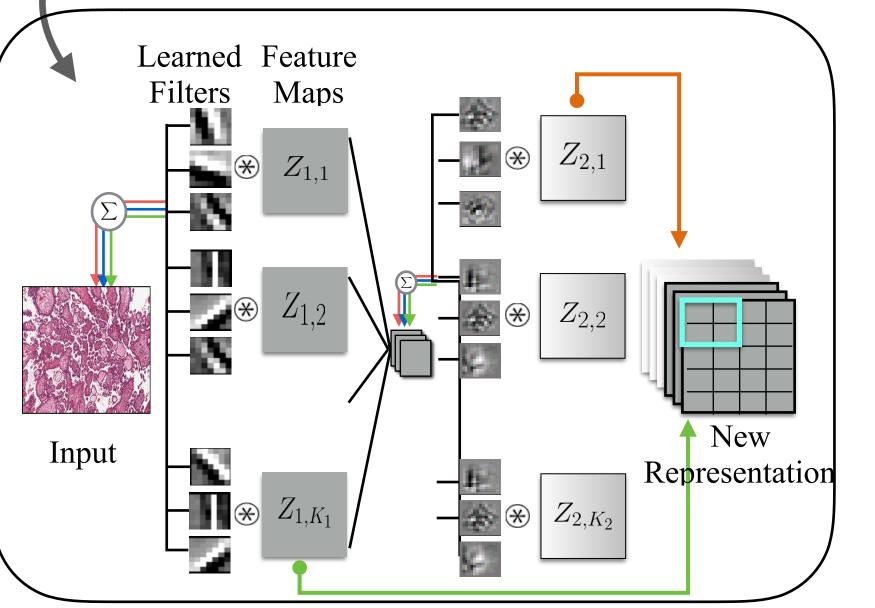
### 1. Quick Facts on Ovarian Cancers (OC)

- ~300 women are diagnosed¹ with OC each year in BC
- ~250 women die<sup>1</sup> from OC each year in the province
- In 2009, 5 subtypes<sup>2</sup> of OC have been identified
- In 2016, 2 new genetic subtypes<sup>2</sup> have been identified
- Accurately identifying OC from tumour biopsies is critical for a successful diagnosis and prognosis

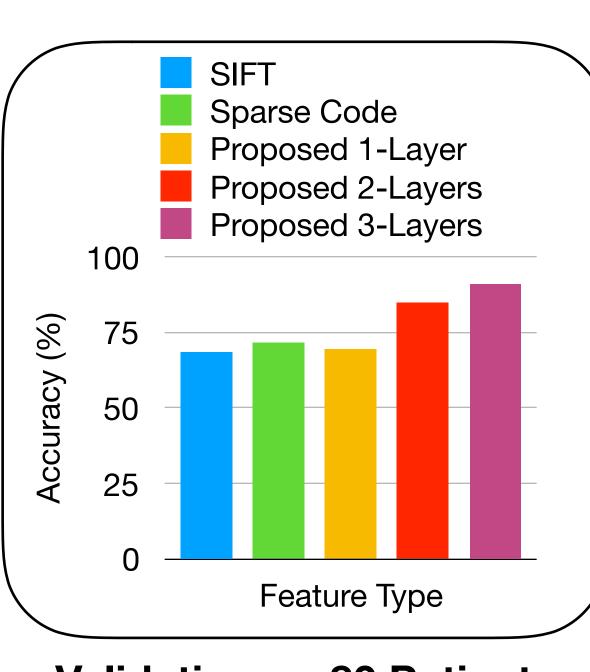
#### 3. Learning Features Discriminative of Cancers



#### **Automatic Feature Learning Pipeline**<sup>4</sup>



**Learning Features with a** 2-Layer Deconvolution Network



**Validation on 80 Patients** from different pathology centres

## Black-box architecture, unintuitive to analyze

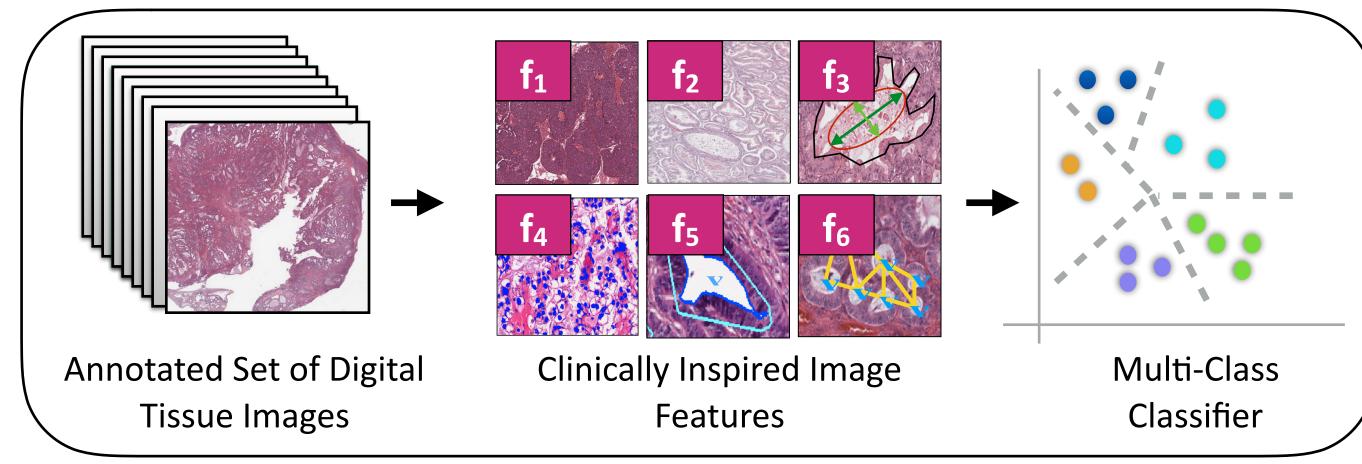
Identifies discriminative features directly from tissues

Generalizes well to tissue images from different centers

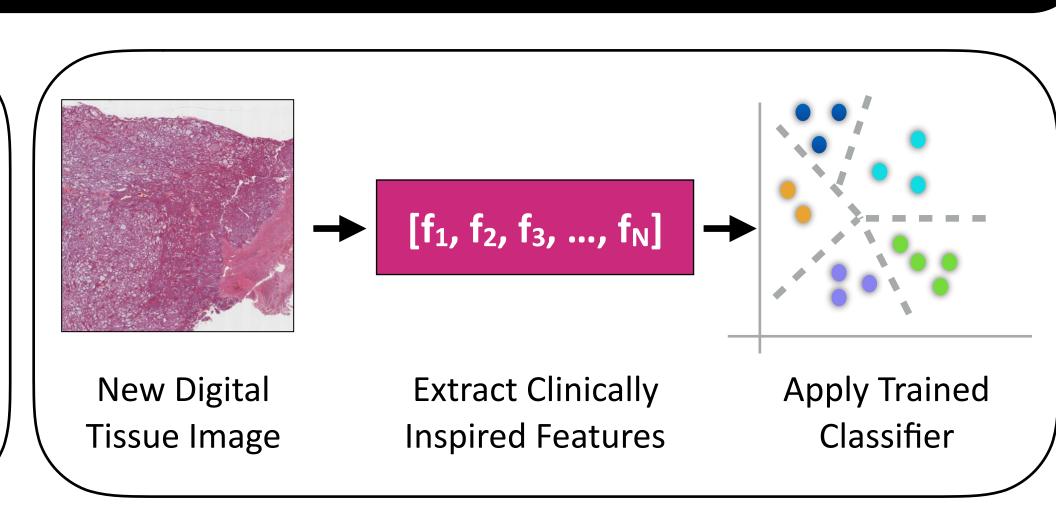
- http://www.bccancer.bc.ca/
- 2. A. McPherson et al. Divergent modes of clonal spread and intraperitoneal mixing in high-grade serous ovarian cancer, Nature 2016
- 3. A. BenTaieb et al. Clinically-Inspired Automatic Classification of Ovarian Carcinoma Subtypes. Journal of Pathology Informatics, 2016 4. A. BenTaieb et al. Automatic Diagnosis of Ovarian Carcinomas via Sparse Multiresolution Tissue Representation, MICCAI 2015

### 5. A. BenTaieb et al. A Structured Latent Model for Ovarian Carcinoma Subtyping from Histopathology Slides. Medical Image Analysis, 2017

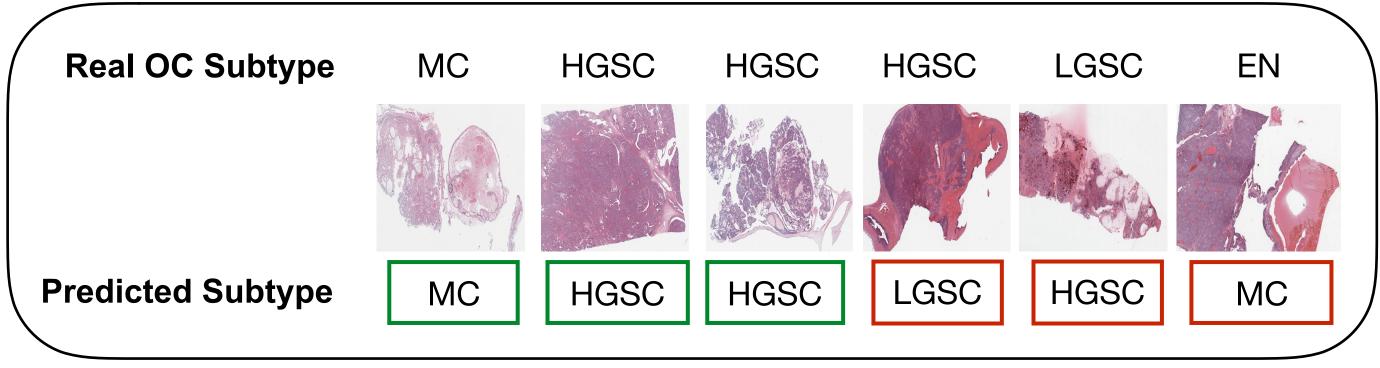
### 2. Teaching Computers to Mimic Pathologists



**Automatic OC Diagnosis System Training Pipeline**<sup>3</sup>



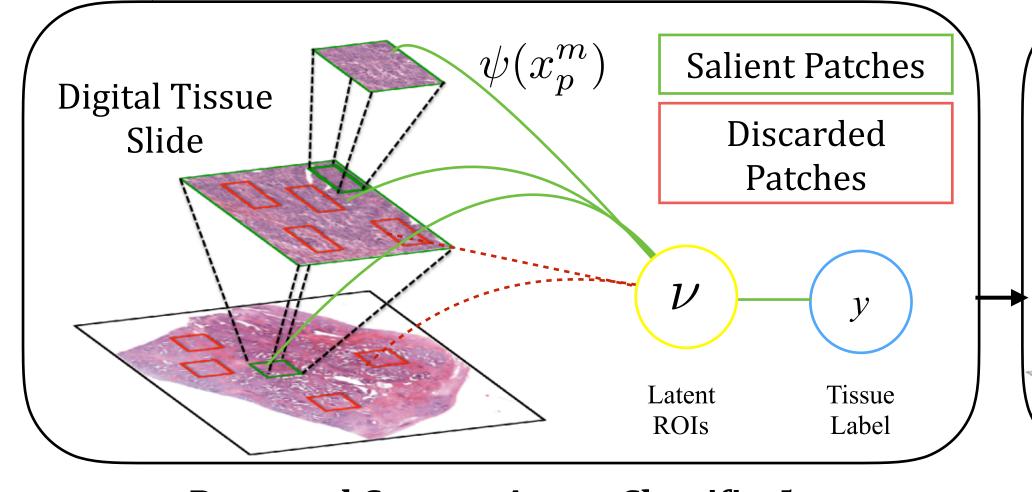
**Predicting OC Subtypes on Unseen Test Images** 



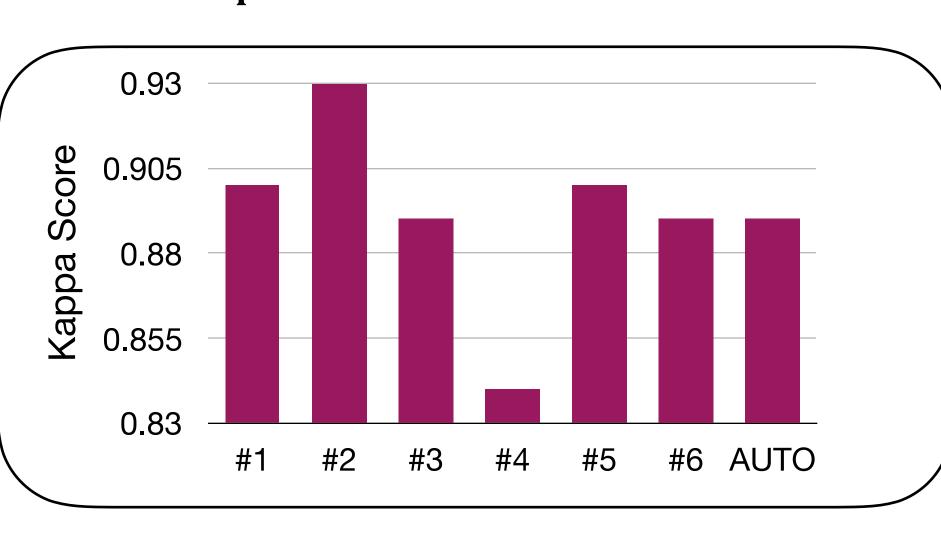
**Leave-One-Out Validation on 40 Patients** 

#### Automatically extracts relevant biomarkers V Intuitively follows clinician's diagnostics Sensitive to variability in the data

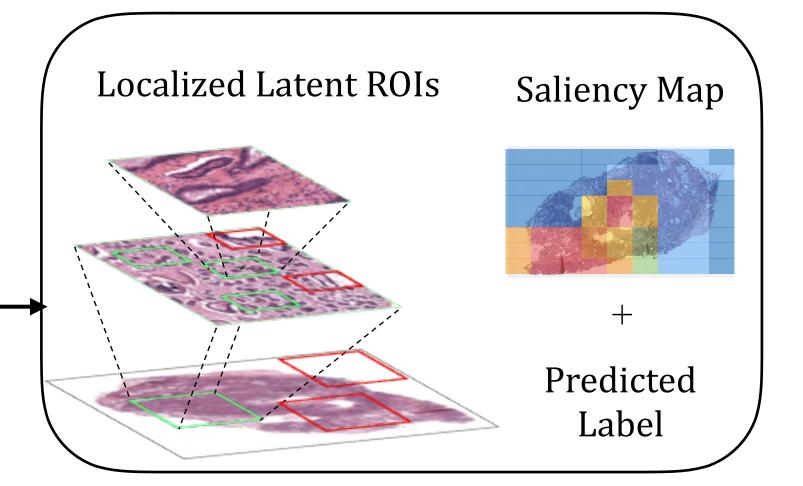
### 4. Learning to Identify Abnormal Regions Indicative of OC Subtypes in Biopsies



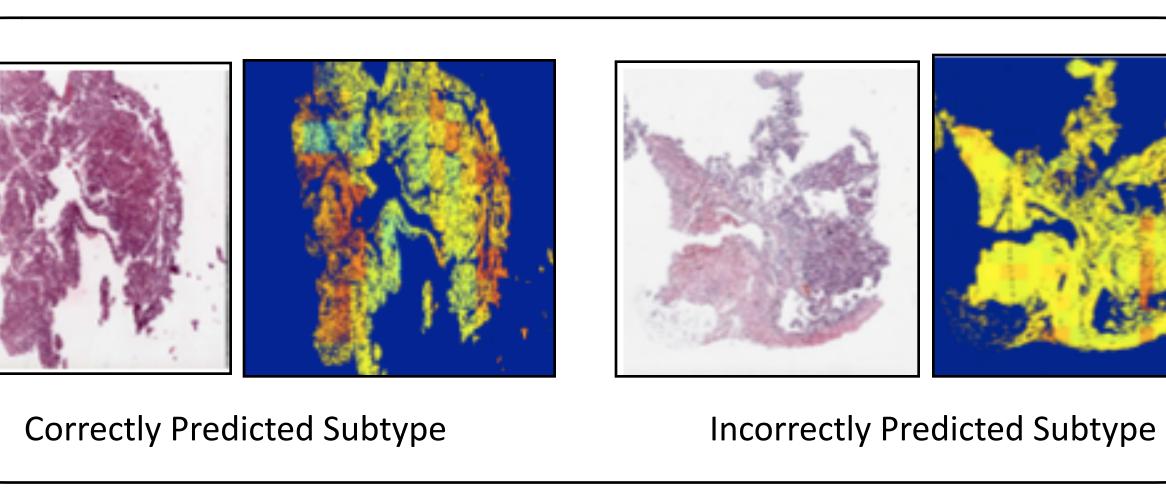




Comparison of the automatic system with six experts



Classifier's Output



Validation on 150 patients from different pathology centres