Katzenstein's Corporatist Model

Lecture for LAPE

SFU, Fall 2007

Anil Hira

Introduction

- Lecture: Diagnosis, Philosophy, History, Objections/Responses
- What is corporatism?
- History of corporatist writing- Schmitter
- European vs. LA corporatist traditions
- corporatism and the EU
- corporatism and the rise of global finance and trade (competitiveness)
- What are the factors that allow corporatism to work in Europe?
- What are the factors that allow corporate states to be competitive?

Diagnosis for Small states in world markets

- How do European states deal with price taking? How do they adjust?
- How do they preserve domestic stability amidst intl. shocks?
- What kinds of bargains/processes allow L, K, and G to work together?
- How do these adj. mechanisms diff. Eur. fr. the US, Canada, E.Asia, LA? (Esping-Anderson)

Philosophy: Types of Eur. Corporatism

- Liberal- Switz, Bel, Neth
- Social- Swe, Scan; Aust
- What are key diff.s and implications of diffs.:
  - G, adj, bus, L; rur. coops; ind X specialization
- What are some of historical factors that explain the rise of corporatism?
  - weak aristocracy, feudal sys.; < rad L
- Factors: PR, pol culture

Key policies of Eur. Corporatism

- Intl. Liberalization
  - P intermed. gds
  - RTAs
- Domestic compensation
  - employment creation, welfare
  - wage restraints; high tax burdens
- Flexible Industrial adjustment
  - industrial policy (flexible, reactive, incremental, indirect)
  - applied R & D, specialization

Future of Corporatism

- Future in Europe? Breakdown of model?
- Implications of EU
- vs. EA model?
- Applications to LA?