SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

Department of Economics

Econ 842 International Monetary Economics Prof. Kasa Spring 2018

MIDTERM EXAM - March 5

Answer the following questions True, False, or Uncertain. Briefly explain your answers. (10 points each).

- The Feldstein-Horioka Puzzle refers to the fact that national Saving and Investment rates are uncorrelated.
- 2. Positive productivity shocks produce current account deficits.
- 3. According to the Monetary Model of Exchange Rates, expectations that US output will grow more rapidly than in Canada will cause the US dollar to appreciate against the Canadian dollar.
- 4. If Uncovered Interest Parity doesn't hold, speculators can make profits in the foreign exchange market. The following questions are short answer. Briefly explain your answer. Clarity will be rewarded.
- 5. (30 points). **Debt Dynamics**. Consider a small open economy that can borrow or lend all it wants at a fixed world interest rate, r. Preferences are given by

$$E_0 \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t U(C_t) \qquad U(C) = -\frac{1}{2} \left(C_t - \bar{C} \right)^2$$

where $(1+r)\beta = 1$. The intertemporal budget constraint is

$$C_t + (1+r)D_{t-1} = Y_t + D_t$$
 $D_{-1} = 0$ (1)

where D_t is the economy's external debt at the end of period-t, and Y_t is an exogenous output sequence, which follows the autogressive process, $Y_t = \rho Y_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t$, with $0 < \rho < 1$.

- (a) Write down the Euler equation characterizing the optimal consumption path. Show that it implies $C_t = E_t C_{t+1}$
- (b) Substitute your answer to part (a) into the budget constraint and derive an expression for C_t in terms of the expected present discounted value of $\{Y_{t+j}\}$. (What is the transversality on D_{t+T} ?)
- (c) Use the autoregressive process for Y_t to evaluate the present value in part (b) and derive an expression for C_t in terms of Y_t and D_{t-1} .
- (d) Substitute the expression for C_t into the budget constraint in eq. (1) and derive the equilibrium debt process, $\{D_{t+j}\}$. Does the country ever 'pay back' its debt? Prove that external debt is nonstationary, and does not possess a long-run mean.
- (e) Using your previous answers, illustrate how Output, Consumption, the Current Account, and External Debt respond over time to a one-time shock in ε_t (i.e., trace out their 'impluse response functions'). Put t on the horizontal axis, and (Y_t, C_t, CA_t, D_t) on the vertical axes.
- 6. (30 points). What is the Forward Premium Puzzle (or Uncovered Interest Parity Puzzle)? On what evidence is it based? Briefly discuss a couple of possible resolutions of this puzzle.