## SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING SCIENCE

## Fall 2017 ENSC 220: ELECTRIC CIRCUITS I

## Final Examination Saturday, December 16, 2017

Duration: 180 minutes. Attempt all problems. Questions are **not** equally weighted. Closed book and closed notes. Simple calculators (with no graphing/programming functions) are permitted. PDAs, laptops, and wireless phones are not permitted. **Please show details of your work and derive all equations and expressions.** Please write legibly. Illegible text will not be graded. Use a ball-point pen for writing the examination (no pencils, please).

- 1. (25 points) Find the Thévenin and Norton equivalent circuits of the op-amp configuration shown in Figure 1:
  - (a) Seen between terminals A and B.
  - (b) Seen between terminals C and B with source  $V_s$  removed.
- 2. (20 points) For the circuit shown in Figure 2:
  - (a) Find current i(t) when the switch is in position A.
  - (b) Assume that the switch has been in position A for a long time. Find the value of i(t).
  - (c) At time t = 0 the switch moves from position A to position B. Find current i(t) when the switch is in position B.
- 3. (30 points) The circuits shown in Figure 3 is a two-stage first order cascade circuit.
  - (a) Use symbolic values to write the first-order differential equations for  $v_1(t)$  and for  $v_2(t)$ .
  - (b) Write the characteristic equation and find natural frequencies of the circuit.
  - (c) Find the output  $v_2(t)$  when the input  $v_s(t) = 5 u(t)$ ,  $R = 10k \Omega$ , and  $C = 0.1 \mu F$ .
- 4. (25 points) In the circuit shown in Figure 4,  $v_s(t) = V_s \cos(\omega t + \theta) V$ ,  $V_s = \sqrt{2} 100 V$ ,  $\omega = 300 \ rad/s$ ,  $\theta = 30^{\circ}$ ,  $R_1 = 50 \ \Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 350 \ \Omega$ , and  $L = 1 \ H$ . The circuit operates in steady-state.
  - (a) Find the phasor  $I_L$ .
  - (b) Find  $i_L(t)$ .
  - (c) Find the complex and average power absorbed by the load.

