

# STAT 870

\*6pt

## Problems: Assignment 1

1. Suppose  $A$  is a subset of  $\Omega$ . What events are in the smallest  $\sigma$ -field containing  $A$ ? [HINT: there aren't very many.]
2. Suppose  $X$  is a real valued function defined on  $\Omega$ . Prove that if  $\{X \leq x\} \in \mathcal{F}$  for each real  $x$  then  $X$  is a real valued random variable on  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, P)$ . [Hint: Consider the family  $\mathcal{G} = \{B : \{\omega : X(\omega) \in B\} \in \mathcal{F}\}$ . Prove that  $\mathcal{G}$  is a  $\sigma$ -field and then appeal to the definition of the Borel sigma-field. To use the definition of Borel in the notes remember that an open ball in  $R_1$  is just an interval of the form  $(x_1, x_2)$ .]
3. Suppose that  $A$  and  $B$  are independent events. Let  $\mathcal{F}_A$  be the smallest  $\sigma$ -field containing the event  $A$  and similarly defined  $\mathcal{F}_B$ . Show that  $\mathcal{F}_A$  and  $\mathcal{F}_B$  are independent.
4. Suppose  $\{\mathcal{F}_i; i \in I\}$  is a family of  $\sigma$ -fields on  $\Omega$ . Prove that  $\mathcal{G} = \cap_i \mathcal{F}_i$  is a  $\sigma$ -field.
5. Show that for any family  $\mathcal{C}$  of subsets of  $\Omega$  there is a smallest  $\sigma$ -field on  $\Omega$  containing  $\mathcal{C}$ .
6. Suppose  $X$  is an  $\mathbf{R}^p$  valued random variable. Show that

$$\mathcal{F}_X = \{X^{-1}(A) : A \in \mathcal{B}(\mathbf{R}^p)\}$$

is a  $\sigma$ -field. This is the  $\sigma$ -field generated by  $X$ .

7. Show that  $X_1, \dots$  are independent if and only if  $\mathcal{F}_{X_1}, \dots, \mathcal{F}_{X_p}$  are independent.
8. From Text: page 19 # 32
9. From Text: page 19 # 35
10. From Text: page 20 # 46
11. From Text: page 85 # 27
12. From Text: page 85 # 28
13. From Text: page 85 # 29
14. From Text: page 91 # 74
15. From Text: page 148 # 20
16. From Text: page 149 # 27
17. From Text: page 151 # 38 (#40 in 8th Edition)
18. From Text: page 156 # 65 (#68 in 8th Edition)