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L. Shapiro

First Meditation

The Dreaming Argument

- 1. I regularly have dreams which, while I am having them, seem to be veridical. [That is, I am compelled to affirm my sensory experiences in those dreams. If I were to deny those realistic dream experiences, while I am having them, I would be like a madman, denying that which appears self-evident.]
- 2. In this way, my experience in these realistic dreams is not unlike that of my waking sensory experience.
- 3. However, while those realistic dream experiences seem to be veridical, I am in fact asleep while I am having them. But my waking sensory experience not only seems to be veridical but is so.
- 4. Thus, if I were dreaming now, I would be compelled to affirm by sensory experience, but I would be wrong to do so. On the other hand, if I were awake, I would be right to affirm my sensory experience.
- 5. If I could find a criterion, or set of criteria, through which to distinguish waking from dreaming then I could deny the truth of my dream experiences while affirming that of my waking sense experiences.
- 6. I cannot find such a criterion, or set of criteria.
- 7. I cannot tell whether I am now waking or dreaming realistically.
- 8. Thus, I cannot tell whether my sensory experiences are veridical, or conveying of truth.

Argument from the Cause of Human Nature

- 1. I am created by something other than myself, either by God or a continuous chain of events.
- 2. If God created me, then as an all powerful being he could also have made it that what I seem to sense does not exist, and equally, that what I take to be self-evidently true is false.
- 3. In this case, my senses could be misleading me, and equally I could be going wrong all the time just when I think I am absolutely right.
- 4. In this case, then, I would by nature be unable to know when I have knowledge.
 - 5. If God intended things in this way, then he would be a deceiver.
 - 6. Being a deceiver seems contrary to God's goodness.
- 7. However, it is clearly the case that I am wrong some of the time, so it does seem that God, in his goodness, can allow for me to make mistakes.
- 8. Thus, it does seem possible that God could have created me such that it is impossible for me to have knowledge, even of the most self-evident things.
- 9. If I were created by a continuous chain of events rather than by God, then whatever caused me is more imperfect than God.
- 10. An imperfect cause is more likely to produce an imperfect effect.
- 11. Deception and error are imperfections.
- 12. If I were created by a chain of events, it is even more likely that I am by nature incapable of having knowledge.
- 13. Thus, no matter what caused me, I have no grounds for taking any of beliefs as true.