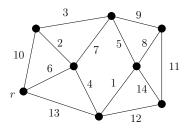
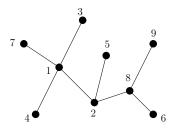
## Homework 4

**Problem 1.** In the weighted graph from the figure below, find the sequence of edge weights selected when both Kruskal's algorithm is run, and when Dijkstra's algorithm is run.



**Problem 2.** In the tree below with vertex set  $\{1, 2, ..., 9\}$  apply Prüfer's algorithm to encode this tree, and then apply it to decode this sequence.



**Problem 3.** Assign the weights 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4 to the edges of the graph below in two ways: one way so that the minimum weight spanning tree is unique, and another way so that the minimum weight spanning tree is not unique.



**Problem 4.** Let T = (V, E) be a tree with |V(T)| even, and define

 $S = \{e \in E \mid T \setminus e \text{ has two components with an odd number of vertices}\}.$ 

Show that every vertex in the graph (V, S) has odd degree.

**Problem 5.** Let G be a connected graph with weight function  $w : E(G) \to \mathbb{R}_+$  and assume that w is one-to-one. If  $C \subseteq G$  is a cycle and  $e \in E(C)$  is the heaviest edge in C, prove that no minimum weight spanning tree contains the edge e. Use this to prove that the following algorithm produces a minimum weight spanning tree: Iteratively delete the highest weight non-cut-edge until the resulting graph is acyclic.

**Problem 6.** Let G be a connected graph on n vertices, and let  $\mathcal{T}$  be the set of all spanning trees of G. Construct a new graph G' with vertex set  $\mathcal{T}$  where  $T_1, T_2 \in \mathcal{T}$  are adjacent (as vertices of G') if  $|E(T_1) \cap E(T_2)| = n - 2$ . Prove that G' is connected.

**Problem 7.** Let T be a tree and let  $T_1, \ldots, T_k \subseteq T$  be trees with the property that  $V(T_i) \cap V(T_j) \neq \emptyset$  for every  $1 \leq i, j \leq k$ . Prove that  $\bigcap_{i=1}^k V(T_i)$  is nonempty.