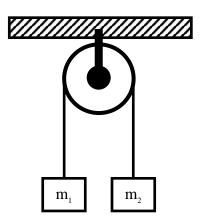
PHYS 101 Midterm examination #2 (vers. 2B)

15 Nov.,	2002	Name
Time: 50	minutes	Student No
principle	s that you have used.	plete solutions and explain your reasoning, stating an
1 _(10 marks) .	For each of the following five qu	estions, please circle one answer only.
inclined a. b. c. d.	•	are released at the same time at the top of an g. In what order do they reach the bottom? same time.
her body change? a. b.	% and her moment of inertia decreases $\frac{8}{4}$	th arms outstretched. She brings her arms in close to ases by 1/2. By what factor does her angular speed
what fac a.	tor does the maximum acceleration 12 4 3	he frequency is doubled and the amplitude tripled, by on change?
all quant a. b. c. d.	e vertical displacement of a string ities are measured in SI units. Wh 1.93 s 0.870 s 0.308 s 0.139 s 2.22 s	is given by $y(x,t) = 0.006 \cos(3.25x - 7.22 t)$, where nat is the period of the wave?
source o a. b. c. d.	what amount does the intensity left sound? 4.0 dB 4.8 dB 6.0 dB 3.0 dB 9.5 dB	evel decrease when you double your distance from a

 $2_{(6 \text{ marks})}$. A mass of 375 g hangs from one end of a string that goes over a pulley with a moment of inertia of 0.0125 kg·m² and a radius of 15.0 cm. A mass of 700 g hangs from the other end. When the masses are released, the larger mass accelerates downward, the lighter mass accelerates upward, and the pulley turns without the string slipping on the pulley.

- (a) What is the tension in the string on the side of the 375-g mass?
- (b) What is the angular acceleration of the pulley?



 $3_{(4 \text{ marks})}$. A bat emits a sound at a frequency of 35.0 kHz as it approaches a wall. The bat detects beats with a frequency of 972 Hz between the sound it emits and the echo bouncing from the wall. What is the speed of the bat? The speed of sound in air is 343 m/s.