

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

MEMORANDUM

S76-11
(adjusted)

To..... SENATE

From..... SENATE COMMITTEE ON ACADEMIC PLANNING

Subject..... CRIMINOLOGY GRADUATE PROGRAM

Date..... DECEMBER 17, 1975

Action taken by the Senate Committee on Academic Planning at its meeting of December 10th, 1975, gives rise to the following motion:

MOTION: "That Senate approve and recommend approval to the Board of Governors the Graduate Program in Criminology as set forth in SCAP 75-7, including the general regulations and proposed courses CRIM 800-3, 801-3, 802-3, 810-3, 811-3, 820-3, 821-3, 830-3, 831-3, 832-3, 833-3, 840-3, 841-3, 850-3, 851-3, 860-5, 861-5, 870-3, 871-3, 898."

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

SCAP 75-7

MEMORANDUM

To..... John Chase
..... Secretary, Academic Planning Committee
Subject..... CRIMINOLOGY GRADUATE PROGRAM

From..... Marian McGinn
..... Asst. Registrar-Graduate Studies
Date..... December 1, 1975

Enclosed is the Graduate Program in Criminology, which
has been approved and recommended to Senate, by the
Senate Graduate Studies Committee, at its meeting on
November 24, 1975.


Marian

GRADUATE CALENDAR ENTRY

The Department of Criminology offers a graduate program leading to a degree of Master of Arts in Criminology. M.A. (Criminology).

Areas of Study and Research

The graduate program in criminology concentrates on advanced academic study and has a strong research emphasis. The broad goal of the program is to prepare students for careers in the teaching of criminology, in criminological research and in policy making in criminal justice.

The emphasis of the graduate program is to foster a spirit of enquiry and creative endeavour among the students, to develop their critical and analytical capabilities, and to train them in the various techniques of criminological research.

The graduate program focuses at present on five major areas. Other areas may be added later. The five areas are:

1. The crime phenomenon

- a) epidemiological studies, ecological studies, victimization studies, etc.
- b) in-depth study of specific types, such as, economic crimes, commercial crimes, organized crime, etc.

2. Criminological theory

- a) foundations of theory-formation in criminology
- b) validation of the different criminological theories

3. Criminal policy

- a) innovations in the criminal justice system

- b) social policy and criminal law reform
- c) recent developments in crime prevention
- d) diversion from the criminal justice system

4. Criminological research

- a) evaluation research, prediction research
- b) operations research
- c) action research

5. Victimology

In-depth study of the victims of certain crimes.

Admission

Students holding a major or honors degree in criminology or the equivalent from a recognized institution must meet the general admission requirements for graduate studies (See Sections 3.2 and 3.8 of the General Regulations). Students whose undergraduate major or minor has not been in criminology may be admitted, if they meet the general admission requirements, as Qualifying Students and will be required to make up for any deficiency in their background by taking up to 30 semester hours of undergraduate courses in criminology to the satisfaction of the Graduate Program Committee. A Qualifying Student who has completed his make-up work may then apply under 3.2 and 3.8 for admission to the Master's program in Criminology.

All applicants are required to have forwarded official copies of their transcripts and to send a short statement of interests. This statement should include a description of previous employment, research or other work relevant to the candidate's proposed graduate studies. In all cases, letters of recommendation from people who know the candidate and are familiar with his/her

work, will be required.

Supervisory Committee

Following enrolment by the student in the Department, a Supervisory Committee will be formed, which shall have the responsibility for determining, in consultation with the student, the projected program of study, selecting appropriate research topics, and ensuring that the candidate fulfills all degree requirements. The Committee will consist of at least two faculty members from the Criminology Department. Other faculty, outside the Department, who are considered necessary by the student and his/her supervisors, may also be added to the Committee.

Degree Requirements

Candidates for an M.A. (Criminology) degree must complete the following requirements:

1. Take a minimum of twenty-one hours of graduate coursework consisting of:

- a) 15 hours of coursework in Criminology, including at least one research seminar in Criminology, with a grade of "B" or better in all courses.
- b) 6 hours of coursework either in criminology or another area, as approved by the Graduate Program Committee.

2. Complete to the satisfaction of the Supervisory Committee and orally defend an original M.A. thesis. The student must obtain approval of the thesis proposal from his Supervisory Committee before starting thesis research.

Satisfactory Performance

The progress of each candidate will be assessed at least once a year by the Department. A course grade of less than B is not considered satisfactory at the graduate level. Any student who performs unsatisfactorily in two or more courses may be dropped from the program.

Description of Criminology Graduate Courses

CRIM	800-3	Advanced Criminological Theory
	801-3	Crime and the Political Process
	802-3	Comparative Criminology
	810-3	Ecological Criminology
	811-3	Economic, Commercial and Organized Crime
	820-3	Criminal Justice in the Year 2000
	821-3	Social Policy and Criminal Law Reform
	830-3	Punishment and the Alternatives
	831-3	Recent Developments in Corrections
	832-3	Diversion from the Criminal Justice System
	833-3	Law and Psychiatry in Action
	840-3	Crime Prevention through Environmental Design
	841-3	Mass Media and Crime
	850-3	Recent Developments in Victimology
	851-3	Women and the Criminal Justice System
	860-5	Research Seminar I
	861-5	Research Seminar II
	870-3	Selected Topics
	871-3	Directed Readings
	898	M.A. Thesis

COURSE DISTRIBUTION AMONG THE DIFFERENT AREAS OF STUDY

Crime and Criminological Theory

- | | | |
|------|-------|--|
| CRIM | 800-3 | Advanced Criminological Theory |
| | 801-3 | Crime and the Political Process |
| | 802-3 | Comparative Criminology |
| | 810-3 | Ecological Criminology |
| | 811-3 | Economic, Commercial and Organized Crime |
| | 850-3 | Recent Developments in Victimology |
| | 851-3 | Women and the Criminal Justice System |

Criminal Policy

- | | | |
|------|-------|---|
| CRIM | 820-3 | Criminal Justice in the Year 2000 |
| | 821-3 | Social Policy and Criminal Law Reform |
| | 830-3 | Punishment and the Alternatives |
| | 831-3 | Recent Developments in Corrections |
| | 832-3 | Diversion from the Criminal Justice System |
| | 833-3 | Law and Psychiatry in Action |
| | 840-3 | Crime Prevention through Environmental Design |
| | 841-3 | Mass Media and Crime |

Research

- | | | |
|------|-------|---------------------|
| CRIM | 860-5 | Research Seminar I |
| | 861-5 | Research Seminar II |
| | 870-3 | Selected Topics |
| | 871-3 | Directed Readings |
| | 898 | M.A. Thesis |

SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 800 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: ADVANCED CRIMINOLOGICAL THEORY

Calendar Description of Course:

Foundations of theory-formation in criminology, including concept formation, choosing between different theoretical models and theory construction. Testing and validation of theorems about crime and delinquency. Weaknesses in current criminological explanations. Feasibility of an integrated theory of crime and delinquency.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ~~UNDER~~GRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIMCourse Number: 801Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: CRIME AND THE POLITICAL PROCESS

Calendar Description of Course: Critical analysis of governmental policy and its relation to social disorders. Analysis of theories of political power, social control and the criminal justice system. Management of political deviance. Controlling the controllers. Limits of police power. Reconciling liberty and security. New or modified forms of political violence. Impact of public opinion, the mass media, pressure groups on political decisions related to criminal policy and the criminal justice system.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ~~XXXXX~~GRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 802 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: COMPARATIVE CRIMINOLOGY

Calendar Description of Course: Cross-cultural study of crime and justice. Crime in relation to religion, custom and morals. Study of crime and deviance in the light of differing value systems, power structure and differential societal reaction.

Methodological problems of comparative criminology, in particular, problems of collecting and comparing qualitative and quantitative data on crime and justice in different societies.

Nature of Course

Prerequisites (or special instructions):

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ~~UNDER~~GRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 810 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: ECOLOGICAL CRIMINOLOGY

Calendar Description of Course:

Analysis of regional and zonal variations in criminality. Analysis of crime trends and patterns. Relationship between the incidence of crime and certain ecological variables. Real crime vs. official crime. Results of surveys of victimization, self-reporting studies of crime and delinquency. Constructing indices of the seriousness of various offences. Crime as a social indicator.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIMCourse Number: 811Credit Hours: 3

Vector: _____

Title of Course: ECONOMIC, COMMERCIAL AND ORGANIZED CRIME

Calendar Description of Course:

In-depth analysis of both traditional and new forms of economic, commercial and organized crime, with emphasis on methods of control and prevention. Special attention will be given to consumer frauds, corporate frauds, securities theft and fraud, computer crimes, etc.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCU

SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 820 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: CRIMINAL JUSTICE IN THE YEAR 2000

Calendar Description of Course:

A futuristic look at the criminal justice system of tomorrow, with particular emphasis on future applications of science and technology, on innovative and organizational changes, implementation strategies, problems of evaluation and consequences of innovation.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 821 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: SOCIAL POLICY AND CRIMINAL LAW REFORM

Calendar Description of Course:

Role of science in social policy. Social planning and social engineering for the promotion of individual, cultural and organizational change. Criminal policy as part of a total social policy. Criminal justice reform as part of total social reform. Criminology and the elaboration of a model penal code. Limitations of the criminal law as an instrument of social control. Law vs. other direct and indirect social control mechanisms. Aims of the penal system.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 830 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: PUNISHMENT AND THE ALTERNATIVES

Calendar Description of Course:

Critical analysis of results of research on the effectiveness of punishment in controlling undesirable behavior. Side effects of punishment. Punishment vs. positive reinforcement. Critical analysis of various alternatives to custodial dispositions. Special attention will be given to fines, restitution and compensation, community services, etc. Problems of enforcement and techniques of evaluation of such alternative measures.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCU

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 831 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN CORRECTIONS

Calendar Description of Course:

Critical examination of recent developments in corrections, with particular emphasis on new techniques of treatment and social reintegration, their applications and their evaluation.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 832 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: DIVERSION FROM THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

Calendar Description of Course:

Critical examination of different experimental programs aiming at diverting juvenile and adult offenders from the criminal justice system. The emphasis will be on evaluating the outcome of the programs and on developing criteria for measuring their effectiveness.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ~~XXXX~~ GRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 833 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: LAW AND PSYCHIATRY IN ACTION

Calendar Description of Course: Study of certain psychiatric concepts as they relate to criminal law and criminal justice, such as the concepts of "mental illness", "psycho-pathology", "irresistible impulse", etc. Study of certain legal concepts such as "criminal responsibility", "fitness to stand trial", as they pertain to psychiatry. The role of psychiatry in the criminal justice system: in the pre-trial phase, in the trial and in the post-trial phases. Social and legal implications of the divestment of the criminal law and of the medicalization of deviance. The concept of the "Therapeutic State". The dangers of authoritarianism and unchecked power. Balancing the two models: the penal and the therapeutic.

Prerequisites (or special instructions):

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 840 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: CRIME PREVENTION THROUGH ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN

Calendar Description of Course:

Study of environmental opportunities for crime. Strategies for crime control and crime prevention through environmental planning and design. Politics and economics of environmental crime control and crime prevention. Political and moral problems raised in attempts to engineer or to control behavior through behaviorism and environmentalism.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 841 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: MASS MEDIA AND CRIME

Calendar Description of Course: Study of the covering and reporting of crime and the criminal justice system by the mass media: Effects of sensationalization of crime and deviance. Impact of the media on individual and collective criminal or deviant behavior. Role of the media in the pre-trial phase, in the trial and in the post-trial phases. Influence of the media on public perception. Role of the media in forming, molding and changing public opinion and public attitudes to crime and justice.

Nature of Course

Prerequisites (or special instructions):

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIES

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 850 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN VICTIMOLOGY

Calendar Description of Course:

Critical analysis of recent developments in victimological theory and research, and of recent studies on victims of certain crimes. Students will be encouraged to conduct personal studies on victims and victimization.

Nature of Course:

Prerequisites (or special instructions): .

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON UNDERGRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 851 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: WOMEN AND THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

Calendar Description of Course: Women and crime: characteristics of women offenders and of female criminality. Impact of women's liberation movement on female delinquency. Women and the criminal justice system: the treatment of women in the criminal law and by the criminal justice system. Female attitudes towards the law and the criminal justice system. Institutional and non-institutional treatment of women offenders. Innovative programs for women in and outside the prison. Criminal policy and the woman offender.

Prerequisites (or special instructions):

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ~~UNDER~~GRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 860 Credit Hours: 5 Vector: _____Title of Course: RESEARCH SEMINAR I

Calendar Description of Course:

Advanced research design in criminal justice. Special attention will be given to action research and to experimental research design. The seminar will also provide guidance and assistance in the design for the Master's thesis research.

Nature of Course

Prerequisites (or special instructions):

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

NEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 861 Credit Hours: 5 Vector: _____Title of Course: RESEARCH SEMINAR II

Calendar Description of Course: Advanced statistical and non-statistical techniques in criminal justice research. Special attention will be given to some, or all, of the following: evaluative research, prediction research, operations research, system analysis, cost-effectiveness analysis. Computer simulation models and their use in analysing crime and the criminal justice system. Limitations and alternatives to simulation.

Nature of Course

Prerequisites (or special instructions):

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ~~GRADUATE~~ GRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 870 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: SELECTED TOPICS

Calendar Description of Course:

Concentrated studies in areas of student specialization.

Nature of Course

Prerequisites (or special instructions):

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

SENATE COMMITTEE ON ~~UNDER~~GRADUATE STUDIESNEW COURSE PROPOSAL FORM1. Calendar InformationDepartment: CriminologyAbbreviation Code: CRIM Course Number: 871 Credit Hours: 3 Vector: _____Title of Course: DIRECTED READINGS

Calendar Description of Course:

Intensive readings under the supervision of a faculty member, in areas of interest related to student's program.

Nature of Course

Prerequisites (or special instructions):

What course (courses), if any, is being dropped from the calendar if this course is approved:

2. Scheduling

How frequently will the course be offered?

Semester in which the course will first be offered?

Which of your present faculty would be available to make the proposed offering possible?

3. Objectives of the Course4. Budgetary and Space Requirements (for information only)

What additional resources will be required in the following areas:

Faculty

Staff

Library

Audio Visual

Space

Equipment

5. Approval

Date: _____

Department Chairman_____
Dean_____
Chairman, SCUS

BACK-UP DOCUMENTS FOR THE
GRADUATE PROGRAM IN CRIMINOLOGY

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

MEMORANDUM

To Members, Senate Graduate Studies

Committee

Subject Proposed Master's Program in
Criminology

From K. Rieckhoff, Chairman

Assessment Committee

Date November 14, 1975

At a meeting of the Assessment Committee for New Graduate Programs, held on November 12, 1975, the following members were present:

K. Rieckhoff, Chairman
G. Bhakthan
B. Cox
G. Eastwood
L. Kendall
H. Speer
S.K. Thomason

Absent:

K. Peter

The following motion was carried unanimously:

"Acting on the assumption that the anticipated space and faculty requirements, as outlined in the proposal are, in fact, met prior to implementation, this Committee recommends to the Senate Graduate Studies Committee that the enclosed program for a Master's degree in Criminology be approved and be forwarded to Senate for approval"

mm

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

MEMORANDUM

JUN 18 1975

DEAN OF GRADUATE
STUDIES OFFICE

27.

To.....Dr. J. Wheatley, Dean,

.....Graduate Studies.

Subject.....Criminology REvisions

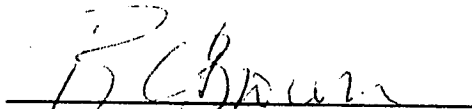
From.....R.C. Brown, Dean, Faculty of

.....Interdisciplinary Studies.

Date.....17th June, 1975.

I wish to advise that the revisions of the Proposals for a Graduate Program in Criminology have been approved by the Faculty of Interdisciplinary Studies Graduate Studies Committee. It is my understanding that you have corrected copies of the Proposal in your office.

/et


Robert C. Brown

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

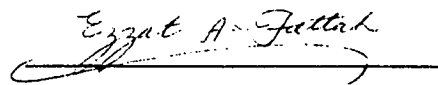
MEMORANDUM

To.....	Dr. K. Rieckhoff	From.....	Ezzat A. Fattah, Chairman
	Chairman, Assessment Committee		Department of Criminology
Subject.....	<u>GRADUATE PROGRAM PROPOSAL</u>	Date.....	28 May 1975

Enclosed please find a corrected copy of the "Proposals for a Graduate Program in Criminology". We have made the editorial changes suggested in your memo of 24 April 1975.

I have also decided to strengthen the program by adding four new courses and seminars dealing with important, not previously covered areas, such as "Women and the Criminal Justice System", "Law and Psychiatry in Action", "Mass Media and Crime", and "Comparative Criminology". For this reason, I have asked the Dean of the Faculty of Interdisciplinary Studies to resubmit the proposals to the Faculty's Graduate Curriculum Committee for approval.

Since the demand for the graduate program is quite strong (we already have 120 names on our waiting list), we hope to be allowed to start offering the courses in the spring of 1976. Therefore, it is my hope that it will be examined as soon as possible by the Assessment Committee, and that it will reach the Senate early this summer.


Ezzat A. Fattah

Enclosure: 1

PROPOSALS FOR A NEW GRADUATE PROGRAM IN CRIMINOLOGY

At its meeting on 6 August 1973, the Simon Fraser University Senate approved the establishment of graduate programs in criminology. The following is a proposal for a graduate program, prepared along the guidelines set out in Senate document S. 72-83.

Justification for the Program

There are many academic and community needs calling for the establishment of a graduate program in criminology at Simon Fraser University. These needs are urgent and specific, and call for an immediate response from the University.

1. The need for young scholars and professional policy makers

- There is an urgent need for high calibre, university-trained policy makers to accelerate the shaping of a fair, rational and responsive criminal justice system, and to participate in the elaboration of a modern and innovative criminal policy that establishes an equilibrium between individual liberties and the necessary social controls.

- Many colleges in B.C. and elsewhere in Canada, as well as some universities, have set up, or intend to set up in the near future, criminology and criminal justice programs. A new "Justice Training Centre" has been established in Vancouver, and will certainly be followed by others in some of the Canadian metropolitan centres. Thus, a substantial number of teaching positions will have to be filled on a continuing basis by young scholars with graduate degrees in criminology. The demand is such that in one single province, the Province of Quebec, it has not been sufficiently met, although a graduate program in criminology has been in operation since 1961 in that province.

- Within the criminal justice system, both at the federal and provincial level, there is a strong demand for research and policy development

resources, specialized in criminology, which would apply scientific knowledge and methodology to clarify problems and evaluate the effectiveness of alternative solutions.

Such a demand has become very pressing in the Province of B.C., with the creation of the B.C. Justice Development Commission, the B.C. Police Commission, the B.C. Alcohol and Drug Commission and the B.C. Human Rights Commission, to name but a few.

- A Master's degree is gradually becoming a normal requirement for entry into different fields of applied criminology, and particularly in corrections. In fact, for many positions in corrections, a Master's degree is set as a prerequisite for employment. Many university graduates with a Master's degree in one of the social sciences (in particular with an M.S.W.) apply for these positions each year. Graduates with a B.A. (major in criminology) would feel handicapped if not given the opportunity to continue their studies and to compete at the same level and on equal footing with other university graduates from other social science disciplines.

2. The need for graduate education in criminology

There is a need for a graduate program to offer comprehensive education in criminology to holders of degrees in the social sciences, and to provide those who will in the near future get a Bachelor's degree in criminology with advanced training in theory and research. At the present time, there is a large number of people already with background in the social sciences, or with legal training, who are interested in becoming specialists in criminology. Although the University of Ottawa and the University of Toronto do offer graduate degrees in criminology, there is no university in B.C. which gives the students an opportunity to work toward a similar degree.

The list of names and addresses of those who have expressed an interest in a graduate program in criminology at Simon Fraser University (80

students) is a good indicator of the huge demand for such a program, and of the variety of backgrounds of those interested in it. Since the program has not yet been publicized, it can be anticipated that once this is done, the graduate program will attract a much larger number of applicants, from which only the best candidates would be admitted.

3. The need for basic and applied research in criminology

There is a strong, urgent need for basic and applied research to advance the knowledge in criminology, to aliment the undergraduate courses in criminology, to find solutions to the problems of crime in society, and to provide a scientific foundation for criminal policy and criminal justice decisions. Only a graduate program in criminology can offer the necessary sanctuary for such research. One of the major tasks of a graduate program is to systematize and continually reevaluate knowledge, for more effective communication and further development. Such a need for systematization and reevaluation is stronger in criminology, which is a relatively young social science, than it is in many of the other, older disciplines.

Funds for criminological research are readily available through government and private organizations, such as the Canada Council, Canadian Council on Urban and Regional Research, Donner Foundation, Solicitor General Department, the B.C. Attorney General Department, the B.C. Department of Human Resources, etc. A graduate program in criminology has a much better chance of attracting and obtaining research funds than an undergraduate program.

A graduate program in criminology, backed by a strong research component, is likely to attract scholars of the highest calibre. The presence of such scholars on the faculty would no doubt lead to a high quality of both teaching and research. The Department can thus acquire, in a relatively short period of time, both national and international fame, and can make a substantial contribution to the advancement of criminology as a science and as a profession.

Positions Needed

The Criminology Department is a new department. A memorandum has already been submitted to the Dean of Interdisciplinary Studies and to the Vice-President Academic specifying the number and areas of specialization of faculty members required for the undergraduate program. Conditional upon approval of the graduate program, a memorandum will be submitted to the Dean of Interdisciplinary Studies and to the Vice-President Academic specifying the number and areas of specialization of both faculty members and support staff required for the graduate program.

The ultimate size and annual rate of growth in faculty and support staff for the graduate program in Criminology will be a function of provincial and federal financial support.

Goals of the Program

Contrary to the undergraduate program, which aims mainly at preparing the students to work effectively in one of the sectors of applied criminology, the

Former pages 32 and 33 consolidated to this page.

proposed graduate program concentrates on advanced academic study, and has a strong research emphasis. By concentrating on theory and research, it hopes to fulfill the goals outlined above, and to provide the groundwork for a doctoral program aimed at producing university and college teachers, highly qualified research workers and professional policy makers.

Thus, the graduate program is designed mainly for students familiar with the approach and methodology associated with the social sciences. In addition to providing advanced knowledge in criminology, and helping the students to acquire such knowledge, it will endeavour to: a) foster a spirit of enquiry and creative endeavour among the students; b) develop the critical and analytical capabilities in the students, and c) train the students in the various techniques of criminological research.

Field of Study

At the beginning, the proposed graduate program will endeavour to cover the following core areas of study. Once a sufficient number of faculty have been hired, and once the program has reached its full operational strength, new areas can be added.

- The crime phenomenon: in particular, epidemiological studies, ecological studies and victimization studies, in-depth study of specific crimes...
- Criminological theory: in particular, foundations of theory-formation in criminology and validation of the different theories...
- Criminal policy: in particular, innovations in the criminal justice system, social policy and criminal law reform, crime prevention through environmental design...
- Criminological research: in particular, evaluation research,

prediction research, operations research and action research...

- Victimology: in particular, in depth studies of the victims of certain crimes...

These areas are coherent with the goals and aims outlined above, and are all interrelated.

Degrees to be Offered

It is proposed that the graduate program confer the degree of MASTER OF ARTS IN CRIMINOLOGY. Once there is a reasonable demand for a Ph.D. program, such a program can be introduced. The Faculty of Interdisciplinary Studies will exercise the statutory power over the program.

Degree Requirements

Candidates for an M.A. (Criminology) degree must complete the following requirements:

1. Take a minimum of twenty-one semester hours of graduate course work, of which at least fifteen (15) are to be taken from criminology graduate course offerings. The remainder is to be taken either from criminology graduate courses or from graduate courses offered in other departments. In the latter case, prior approval of the Departmental Graduate Studies Committee should be obtained. At least one research seminar in criminology should be included.
2. To complete to the satisfaction of a supervisory committee, and orally defend, an original M.A. thesis. Before the student starts his/her thesis research, he/she must present a thesis proposal to his/her supervisory committee for approval (see below).

Students with an undergraduate degree in criminology will normally need two (2) semesters to complete the graduate course requirements: others will normally need an additional two (2) semesters, because of qualifying requirements.

Description of the Proposed New Courses

Following are the numbers and titles of the proposed new courses. For a description please see attached forms.

CRIM	800-3	Advanced Criminological Theory
	801-3	Crime and the Political Process
	802-3	Comparative Criminology
	810-3	Ecological Criminology
	811-3	Economic, Commercial and Organized Crime
	820-3	Criminal Justice in the Year 2000
	821-3	Social Policy and Criminal Law Reform
	830-3	Punishment and the Alternatives
	831-3	Recent Developments in Corrections
	832-3	Diversion from the Criminal Justice System
	833-3	Law and Psychiatry in Action
	840-3	Crime Prevention through Environmental Design
	841-3	Mass Media and Crime
	850-3	Recent Developments in Victimology
	851-3	Women and the Criminal Justice System
	860-5	Research Seminar I
	861-5	Research Seminar II
	870-3	Selected Topics
	871-3	Directed Readings
	898	M.A. Thesis

Laboratory Facilities and Research Equipment

No laboratory facilities are needed in the immediate future. The research component of the proposed graduate program will need a sophisticated calculator, and will rely heavily upon the Computing Centre at Simon Fraser University

Sources of Support for Graduate Students

In addition to the normal sources of financial support available for all graduate students and listed in the graduate calendar, certain individuals have expressed their intention of offering funds to Simon Fraser University, to be earmarked for criminology students.

Library

By the fall, 1975, the Library will have an adequate collection to support the criminology program (see enclosed memo from Mrs. Eve Szabo, Social Sciences/Library).

Enrolment

One hundred and twenty (120) students have expressed interest in the criminology graduate program. A list of their names and addresses is kept in the Department and may be provided on request. It is intended, however, to limit the number of graduate students admitted to the program in the first year of operation to thirty (30) students. This number can be increased gradually following the expansion in faculty and facilities, until the department reaches its full operational strength.

Space

The present space allocated to the entire department consists of only two rooms in the Classroom Complex, 7320 and 7321. The first is used as an office by the director, the second as an office by the secretary. So, the problem of space has to be solved in the immediate future, since the Department will begin hiring faculty for the undergraduate program when the new budget comes into effect.

Duration of the Program

Because of the continuing need for such programs (see above), it is proposed that it be a permanent graduate program, and that it not be limited to any specific period of time.

External Assessors

The following persons are suggested as external assessors for the program:

Dr. C.H.S. Jayewardene, Chairman, Department of Criminology, University of Ottawa;

Dr. A. Normandeau, Director, School of Criminology, University of Montreal;

Dr. D. Szabo, Director, International Centre for Comparative Criminology, and a professor at the School of Criminology, University of Montreal.

These persons have also served as external assessors for the undergraduate program.

Field Practice

The proposed graduate program will not have a field practice component similar to the one in the undergraduate program. However, graduate students with no practical experience in the field of criminology will be encouraged to take one semester off, to seek summer or temporary employment in one of the sectors of applied criminology.

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

REPORT ON SFU LIBRARY'S SUPPORT FOR A
M.A. PROGRAM IN CRIMINOLOGY

Prepared by
Eve Szabo

Social Sciences Division

July 28, 1975

Library resources in the area of criminology and penology have increased dramatically in the last six months. The \$50,000 allocated for library acquisitions in the original criminology grant have all been either spent or committed. The result is that the Library now has a good working collection of in print and recently published monographs and serials on criminology and related subject fields.

Monographs

The course descriptions included in Dr. Fattah's Proposals for a graduate program in criminology indicate that the new program will be strongly oriented towards the study of contemporary problems and the search for new approaches in criminology. This has also been the emphasis of the acquisitions policy with the result that the strength of the collection is in current materials rather than documents and sources covering the historical development of the discipline. A variety of bibliographies, indexes, and acquisitions lists were used as guides in selecting titles to be bought (See Appendix A). Because it was originally stipulated that all the criminology funds must be spent by March 31, 1975, only the in print titles on these lists were ordered and a file of desirable but not immediately obtainable titles was compiled for future use. There are now approximately 400 titles in this file.

The intensive effort to acquire current and in print materials has resulted in a large expansion of the collection. In the fields of criminology and penology, criminal law enforcement, and drug use and abuse, the Library now has approximately 3,200 books representing 2,800 titles. In March, 1974, there were only 1,300 books in the collection. Many other titles have been received but are not yet on the shelves and there is a commitment outstanding of \$21,000 for monographs and serials which have not yet arrived.

Serials

The serials collection has also increased. In March, 1974, the Library had 8 titles relating specifically to criminology. Subscriptions have now been entered for an additional 88 serial publications which the various bibliographies and indexes consulted indicated would be necessary (See Appendix A). Backfiles for 83 periodicals are on order and a substantial number of these have been received. Unfortunately, not all are currently available and lack of funds has forced the cancellation of 15 backfile orders.

Summary

The library will be in a position to support a masters program in its initial stage by the fall of 1976. By that time, the books currently on order, being catalogued, and at the bindery will be on the shelves. However, to support the program in its fully developed stage, the Library needs time and an additional grant of money to locate and buy the materials

-C-

essential for a research program. At present, there are 400 monograph titles and 15 serial titles on the desiderata lists. These lists will grow as the publishers' negative reports continue to arrive. Many of these materials could be obtained; some through reprint publishers, others through second hand catalogues and advertisements in trade periodicals. It must be stressed that it is essential that a grant of funds to develop the core collection should be available over at least a 3 year period. These materials are often difficult to locate and cannot be acquired within the limitations of a fiscal year.

Estimate of funds needed to expand the collection to graduate school strength over a 3 year time period:

500 retrospective monographs	\$ 6,000
20 serial backfiles	4,000
media resources	<u>5,000</u>
TOTAL.....	\$ 15,000

The above estimate relates to retrospective materials only. To maintain the quality of the collection, an annual budget of \$10,000 is minimal to cover new monographs, new serials, subscription renewals and media*.

* Publishers' Weekly average prices:

	<u>Books</u>	<u>Serials</u>
1973	\$12.22	\$11.28
1974	17.47	13.03

APPENDIX A: Main sources consulted for selecting monographs and serials.

Bibliographies, indexes, etc.

- Abstracts on criminology and penology. Deventer, v. 14, 1974- .
- Abstracts on police science. Deventer, v. 1, 1973- .
- Books for college libraries. Chicago, American Library Association, 1967.
- Books in print. New York, 1973- .
- British books in print. London, 1973- .
- British Columbia government publications monthly checklist. Victoria, 1970- .
- Canada. Department of Justice. Library. Accession list. Ottawa, 1974- .
- Canada. Ministry of the Solicitor General. Library. List of acquisitions. Ottawa, 1974- .
- Books to August, 1972. Ottawa, 1972.
- Canadian books in print. Toronto, 1973- .
- Canadian government publications. Ottawa, 1953- .
- Canadiana. Ottawa, 1962- .
- Catalogue of government publications. London, 1963- .
- Crime and delinquency literature. Hackensack, N.J., v. 1, 1968- .
- Dissertation abstracts international. Ann Arbor, 1960- .
- Irregular serials and annuals. New York, 1972/73- .
- Law books in print. Dobbs Ferry, Glanville Publishers, 1971.
- Monthly catalogue of U.S. government publications. Washington, 1951- .
- Ulrich's international periodicals directory. New York, 1973/74- .
- Université de Montréal. Centre de Documentation en Criminologie. Acquisitions. Montréal, 1968- .
- Inventaire à février, 1966. Montreal, 1966.
- University of British Columbia. Law Library. Selected list of current acquisitions. Vancouver, 1974- .
- University of Toronto. Centre of Criminology. Acquisitions. Toronto, 1968- .
- Periodical holdings as of January, 1974. Toronto, 1974.
- The Widener Library shelflist: sociology. Cambridge, Harvard Univ. Pr., 1973.

Publication lists of the following organizations:

American Correctional Association
 Australian Institute of Criminology
 National Council on Crime and Delinquency
 National Criminal Justice Reference Service
 New York University. Criminal Law Education and Research Center
 Oxford University Penal Research Unit
 Sam Houston State University. Institute of Contemporary Corrections
 and the Behavioural Sciences
 Southern Illinois University. Centre for the Study of Crime,
 Delinquency and Corrections
 University of Cambridge. Institute of Criminology
 University of North Carolina. Mecklenburg Criminal Justice Pilot
 Project
 University of Ottawa. Department of Criminology

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

43.

MEMORANDUM

All Members of the Assessment Committee

From Dr. K. Rieckhoff
Associate Dean of
Graduate Studies.

Subject

Date August 1, 1975.

The attached is a draft of the letter to the external assessors. They have already been asked if they are willing and we are awaiting a reply. If you would like to discuss its contents with me, please phone 4848 or 4841 before August 12.

K. Rieckhoff (ib)
K. Reickhoff

KR:jm

AUG - 5 1975

Thank you for agreeing to make an external assessment of the proposed Simon Fraser University master's program in Criminology.

Our committee is asked to make a judgement on the academic merit and the administrative feasibility of new graduate programs. Not having any personal experience or expertise in Criminology per se it will have to rely heavily on the comments of the external assessors. We wish to assure you, however, that any general or particular criticisms or adverse comments, while they may result in revisions of the proposed program, will in themselves not lead to abandonment of the program. The University has established an undergraduate program in Criminology and is committed to establish a graduate program in Criminology and your help is required to insure that the latter will have academic merit and be worthwhile. We hope that you will use your best academic and professional judgement withholding no reservations you may have.

Particular questions on which the Committee would like to get your considered opinion are:

- 1) Is there a need for the type of graduates this program would produce?
How large is the need and is it likely to be continuing or temporary?
- 2) Is the rationale for the program as outlined in the proposal defensible in the light of existing evidence?
- 3) Is the particular program proposed in both format and content likely to meet the stated objectives?
- 4) Does the set of proposed graduate courses form an adequate "package" for the objectives of the program and does it cover the necessary areas? Is there a clear enough differentiation among the various courses as to content, and will the courses provide adequate preparation for future researching and policy making in Criminology?

- 5) What do you think are the minimum requirements of faculty to implement the program successfully, given that it merits implementation?
- 6) Given that a faculty member has a formal course teaching load of approximately two four-hour lecture courses (graduate or undergraduate) for two of three 4 month semesters per year, and has the requisite experience, how many graduate students could he be expected to effectively supervise in their thesis research?

The above questions are not meant to completely exhaust the interests of our Committee; nor are they put to in any way restrict the range of your comments.

To provide you with additional information that may be helpful to you in your assessment we are enclosing, besides the proposed graduate program, the general regulations governing all graduate programs at Simon Fraser University (i.e. admissions requirements, examinations etc.) and a description of the approved undergraduate program in Criminology.

In closing I should like to mention, that your report will be made available to Dr. Ezza~~x~~t Fattah who originated the proposal and, if they should so request, to the members of the Committees and governing bodies that have to approve the program prior to its implementation (i.e. the Senate Committee on Graduate Studies, the Academic Planning Committee of the Senate, the Senate, the Board of Governors and the British Columbia Universities Council).

LAW REFORM COMMISSION



COMMISSION DE RÉFORME DU DROIT

130 Albert Street,
Ottawa, Ontario,
K1A 0L6

October 21st., 1975

Dr. K.E. Reickhoff,
Associate Dean of Graduate Studies,
Simon Fraser University,
BURNABY 2, B.C.

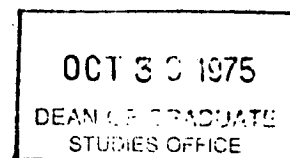
Dear Dr. Reickhoff:

I am sorry that it took me so long with the requested assessment on the proposals for a graduate program in criminology especially since it turned out that the assessment was a relatively easy one on the basis of the prepared documentation.

I hope that the assessment meets with your expectations and I will, of course, be glad to answer any further questions you may have.

Yours truly,

J.W. Mohr,
Commissioner



Graduate Program in Criminology

Faculty of Graduate Studies

Simon Fraser University

GENERAL

There are at present only three graduate programs in criminology in Canada, although there are some other graduate programs notably in sociology with a strong criminology component. The three specific programs are at the Universities of Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa and the strongest criminology component in departments of sociology to my knowledge is at the University of Alberta. These programs have developed only during the past ten years and have followed somewhat different models. The school of criminology at the University of Montreal now has a full fledged under-graduate program as well as a masters and a PhD program. The centre of criminology at the University of Toronto has mainly concentrated on research and provides for a small MA program in criminology. The department of criminology at the University of Ottawa, on the other hand, has seen itself mainly as a department of applied criminology although it offers a degree of master of correctional administration as well as master of arts.

The documentation on the proposals show that the other programs have been carefully surveyed and the proposals

constitute some of the best features of the other programs and, in fact, add some new components which are very desirable indeed.

The following are my answers to the specific questions raised.

1) Is there a need for the type of graduates this program would produce? How large is the need and is it likely to be continuing or temporary?

Crime constitutes a serious and national problem and is not likely to disappear in the near future. A good deal of attention is paid to this problem and there is an increasing willingness especially in British Columbia to understand and re-assess present procedures in combatting crime. Because a background of theory building and research is needed for this purpose, the Universities will be increasingly involved to provide the knowledge as well as the personnel for the task at hand.

I am quite sure, therefore, that not only is there a need for this type of graduate but for this type of graduate study. A program located in the faculty of interdisciplinary studies is especially in a fortunate position since approaches to the phenomenon of crime do come from many disciplines and a constant relationship with those disciplines has to be maintained.

2) Is the rationale for the program as outlined in the proposal defensible in the light of existing evidence?

I can only answer this question with an overwhelming yes. In fact, I think that the proposal has been rather modest in its claims and that these claims will even increase as the need for a rationale policy based on scientific investigation increases.

3) Is the particular program proposed in both format and content likely to meet the stated objectives?

The proposals are up-to-date on this point. It has to be said, however, clearly and strongly that since this field is in a state of rapid development and change that a program should not be designed rigidly and that the proposed re-evaluation of the program after a time of its initial formation should be taken seriously. The experience in other centres has shown that a curriculum which is based, necessarily, on the best evidence available at any given point in time does have a danger to become out-dated if it is not re-assessed. Core courses tend to change rather organically in subject matter rather than in name but more specialized courses which depend on the definition of the problem at any given point in time may well have to be replaced as other avenues open up.

4) Does the set of proposed graduate courses form an adequate "package" for the objectives of the program and does it cover the necessary areas? Is there a clear enough differentiation among the various courses as to content, and will the courses provide adequate preparation for future

researching and policy making in criminology?

The proposed new courses have to be seen and should be further differentiated as core subjects and optional subjects. The question that also arises is the availability of resources in other departments of the faculty. For example, although there is a provision for a theory course and research seminars, there is no course on advanced statistical methods and computer technology. One would not expect the departments to develop such a course but it has to be available to the student and provided within the university.

The differentiation of courses is a continuous problem in any program and I do not believe can be settled on the basis of course names or short descriptions as provided at present. This is a subject which has to be continuously worked on in a department especially in its early period when faculty members may not be aware of the orientation and concentration in courses of their colleagues. Courses such as 830-3 Punishment and the Alternatives and 831-3 Recent Developments in Corrections could overlap but in fact do not have to.

Research and policy making also depends to a large degree on the kind of faculty that the department will attract over and above the need for excellence to which every department should strive. There is a need for a humanly and academically balanced faculty since the program will have to contain a supportive as well as a critical stance in a very sensitive

area.

5) What do you think are the minimum requirements of faculty to implement the program successfully, given that it merits implementation?

This is a difficult question to answer without knowing the sources of the faculty and the university. The demand for staff compliment in a program seems to be a reasonable one but for a more concrete assessment one would have to know more about the interplay with under-graduate teaching and resources of other departments.

6) Given that a faculty member has a formal course teaching load of approximately two four-hour lecture courses (graduate or undergraduate) for two of three 4 month semesters per year, and has the requisite experience, how many graduate students could he be expected to effectively supervise in their thesis research?

The course outline contains two research seminars, selected topics, directed readings, and the MA thesis. Supervision of thesis research can, therefore, not be seen entirely outside course assignments since the courses mentioned for example tend to be, in most cases, used for the purpose of developing a thesis. I would consider two four-hour lecture courses with large classes a complete workload in itself but no faculty member can or should survive very long without supervising graduate students. Also, since there is in this field a strong demand for an active research program, graduate students can be integrated into research activities for the purpose of

developing their thesis. I have no doubt that the research activity will attract outside money and that, therefore, the load on thesis supervision will be easier than in other programs. I also find it not only difficult but inadvisable to establish a specified ratio for this purpose. Given the integration of some courses and the thesis, the proposed additional seven faculty members should be able to supervise the proposed 30 students.

J.W. Mohr
Commissioner
(Professor of Law and Sociology,
York University)

September 23, 1975.

Dr. K. E. Rieckhoff,
Associate Dean of Graduate Studies,
Simon Fraser University,
Burnaby, B.C. Canada

Dear Dean Rieckhoff:

When I returned from a trip to Europe a few days ago, your letter and enclosures of August 18 awaited me. I have now read the material and will attempt to answer your questions about it.

I am not sufficiently familiar with Canadian matters to express a valid opinion on whether or not a graduate program in criminology is needed. You have probably posed the question to Drs. Edwards, Jaywardene and Normandeau, and I would have to accept their judgment and Dr. Fattah's evaluation. We set up a master of arts at the University of Pennsylvania a dozen of years ago and have had no difficulty placing our graduates in responsible positions. However, our enrollment has rarely exceeded forty and a large proportion of the masters have proceeded to acquire a doctorate in sociology. We have been able to offer them assistantships in connection with our research projects, while they took these courses required for the degree. Their dissertations have been on criminological topics and they have all found good positions. Among them we count the directors of the criminological institutes or departments at the universities of Ottawa and Montreal, an associate professor at the University of Alberta, two professors at the School of Criminal Justice of the State University of New York at Albany, one associate professor at Boston University, one at Berkeley, a research expert at the United Nations research institute in Rome, etc. Two are members of the research staff of our Center at Pennsylvania, and others are in federal or local agencies. Given the proliferation of criminal justice institutes or programs in the United States, the need for teachers and researchers will continue for some time to come, but what the future will hold can only be conjectured. I gather that the same situation exists in Canada, in which case the rationale of the proposed graduate program is certainly defensible.

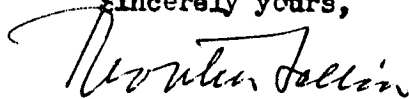
According to the proposal, the master's program is to "provide the groundwork for a doctoral program aimed at producing university and college teachers, highly qualified research workers and professional policy makers." (p.6) Strong emphasis is placed on training to do research. The program is meant to lay the foundation for advanced study and research. To achieve this end, the candidate must complete a research seminar (5 credits) and acquire 16 credits in courses, of which 6 credits might be earned in courses in other departments. Finally, an acceptable thesis must be written. To permit the candidate to meet the course requirements, the proposed program offers no fewer than 17 three-credits courses and two five-credits seminars, carrying a total of 61 credits. Except for the compulsory seminar all courses appear to be electives. If this is true, it is unwise since the program is avowedly preparatory to advanced study. Your impressive undergraduate major in criminology, just being launched, contains many required courses, and I would think that the proposed M.A. program would require the candidate to enrol in the courses numbered 800 and 830, as well as in a two-semester course in statistics, which is missing in the proposal. One semester course in statistics is required in the undergraduate major, but I would not regard that as an adequate preparation for criminological research and the critical evaluation of the sophisticated techniques increasingly employed in modern criminological research.

Considering the relatively few courses that need to be taken to satisfy the requirements for a master's degree, ^{the} large number described in course proposal forms may anticipate the day when your undergraduate majors will be ready to enter the graduate program and greater flexibility in course assignments will be needed. As for the course descriptions, the overlap is minimal and all the courses appear well worth scheduling—save one. That is course number 820. It is difficult enough to know ~~what~~ is going on today without trying to speculate on what will be the situation a quarter of a century hence.

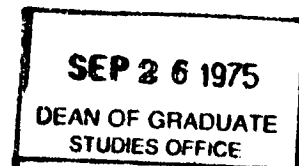
As for the size of the faculty, much depends on the structure of the program. If, in addition to the compulsory research seminar, certain lecture courses are made compulsory (800 and 830, for instance) and a compulsory course in statistics added, the teaching staff required would be smaller than if there were many elective courses, each of which with relatively few students. In either case, the seminar would present a problem, since no more than ten students should be assigned to a class. Several seminar sections would be needed, depending on the number of students enrolled in the program.

I do not know if these comments will be of any help to you.

sincerely yours,



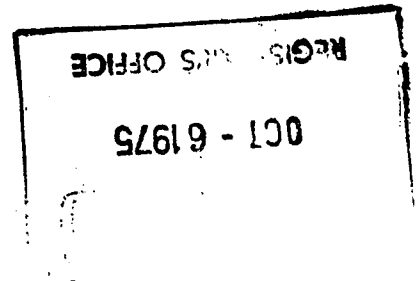
Thorsten Sellin, Prof. emer.
University of Pennsylvania.





Montreal, October 2nd 1975

Dr. K.E. Rieckhoff
Associate Dean of Graduate Studies
Simon Fraser University
Burnaby 2, B.C.
Canada



Dear Dr. Rieckhoff,

Thank you for your letter dated August 28th.
I will try to answer as adequately as I can, the 6 questions of your letter.

- I) If the Quebec experience is of any relevance to B.C., there sure is a need for this type of graduates. Prof. E. Fattah, knows about several surveys carried out by the professional associations of Quebec criminologists, which illustrates the role of graduates in the criminal justice system. I am unable to evaluate from here, how large this need is in your province; it seems, however, that tentative evaluation can be carried out taking in account the reform programs and hiring practices of the civil service and the welfare agencies. If we add to the Canadian examples, those of the U.S., I don't feel that this need is a temporary one. This does not mean, of course, that the program should not undergo, every ten years or so, rather significant mutations following in that, the needs of the community, of the bureaucracy and last but not least, the intellectual fads of the era...
- 2) & 3) The answer is a strong YES.
- 4) The proposed courses look as an adequate mixture, in the light of our present days understanding.
- 5) I feel that the request for faculty is not excessive.
- 6) A faculty member should not supervise more than 4 graduates students working on their thesis.

.../..

**Centre
International
de Criminologie
Comparée**

Université
de Montréal
C.P. 6128
Montréal 101
Canada
Tél.: 343-7065

**International
Centre
for Comparative
Criminology**

2/..

Dr. Rieckhoff
Simon Fraser University

Before ending, I would like to make 2
general comments:

A) I really feel that the proposal have been constructed in the light of the best available knowledge and experience in the field of higher education, as far as our discipline is concerned. I do not see anybody to take issues on major points with the proposal.

B) However the implementation of the program will depend basically on the availability of well-trained staff members. Now, with our experience in Montreal, as well as other experience I gathered in my international activities, there is a severe shortage of the kind of teachers we need for a good criminological teaching program. A good teacher should combine high intellectual standards with creative research ability and some practical experience in the field of crime prevention and criminal justice. Another point is, (and do not misinterpret me, being myself of European origin) that the majority of the staff should originate from Canada or have major canadian life experience.

The shortage of this kind of personnel is the only caveat, to which I want to draw your attention. The success or the failure of your so well designed program will stand by your ability to recrute the right persons.

The problem can be solved at long terms; the difficult part is the solution for the very first years of the program. In the case of shortage of candidates, I would strongly suggest to have ,in the case of badly needed, but rare specialities, some kind of "floating" professorships. You do not commit yourself by hiring somebody. You can attract however, for few weeks outstanding persons. We did that in Montreal in the first 3 or 4 years of our graduate program. It helped us to overcome the temporary difficulties, you may face too.

I am at your disposal for any further information you might require, and I remain,

Yours sincerely,


Denis Szabo
Director.

Centre
International
de Criminologie
Comparée

International
Centre
for Comparative
Criminology

received Oct 6, 1975 lb

SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY

SCAP 75-7
ADDENDUM

MEMORANDUM

To Academic Planning Committee

From B.P. Clayman, Chairman

Physics Graduate Program Committee

Subject CRIMINOLOGY M.A. PROGRAM

Date 25 November 1975

I support the proposal to offer this program, but at the S.G.S.C. meeting which approved the program, a point came up which should be explored further.

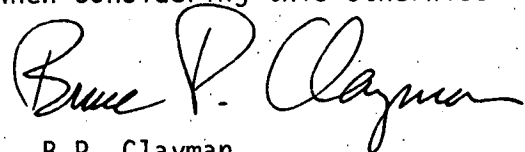
The existence of a departmental library ("documentation centre") referred to on page 5 of their submission appears to imply an important policy change. It is my impression that heretofore individual departments were not permitted to use University funds for this purpose. The proposed departmental library appears to have two staff members under control of the Criminology Department, not the University Library. And, although it is stated that their salaries will be paid from earmarked funds, these funds dry up after 5 years. Therefore the University will, I presume, begin to pay their salaries and, presumably the other operating expenses, out of its general operating funds.

The two issues I raise then are:

(1) Control -- will the University now permit autonomous individual departmental libraries?

(2) Finances -- will the University begin paying operating expenses for such libraries?

I hope that you will look into these points when considering this otherwise uncontroversial program.


B.P. Clayman

BPC/mgj

c.c. Dr. A.E. Curzon
c.c. D. Baird