## SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY Department of Economics

Econ 305 Intermediate Macroeconomic Theory Prof. Kasa Fall 2015

## PROBLEM SET 1 (Due October 29)

The first four questions are True, False, or Uncertain. Briefly explain your answers. No credit without explanation. (5 points each).

- 1. According to Ricardian Equivalence, government budget deficits are irrelevant.
- 2. Higher interest rates increase saving.
- 3. According to Friedman's Permanent Income Hypothesis, the marginal propenisty to consume should be smaller for farmers than for government bureaucrats.
- 4. Taxing profits reduces investment.
- 5. (30 points). Suppose household preferences are described by the utility function

$$U(C_0, C_1) = \sqrt{C_0} + \sqrt{C_1}$$

where  $C_0$  stands for current consumption and  $C_1$  stands for future consumption. Suppose the household has current income of  $Y_0 = 10$  and future income  $Y_1 = 220$ . Assume the market interest rate is r = 10%.

- (a) Write down the households intertemporal budget constraint.
- (b) Calculate the household's optimal consumption in each period. Is the household a saver or borrower? Explain why.