## **CHEM 260**

## Assignment 11

Due 2<sup>nd</sup> April 2003

35. Calculate the normalization factor *N* for the hybrid orbital

$$\Psi = N \left\{ \psi_{2s} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_{2px} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \psi_{2py} \right\}.$$

and show that this orbital is orthogonal to

$$\begin{split} \Psi &= N \left\{ \psi_{2\mathrm{s}} - \sqrt{2} \psi_{2\mathrm{px}} \right\} \\ \text{and} \qquad & \Psi = N \left\{ \psi_{2\mathrm{s}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \psi_{2\mathrm{px}} - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \, \psi_{2\mathrm{py}} \right\}. \end{split}$$

- 36. Suggest an electron configuration for the cyanide ion,  $CN^-$  [Write it in the form  $(1s\sigma)^2(1s\sigma^*)^2...$ ]. Is the ion diamagnetic or paramagnetic? What about the  $CN^+$  cation and the CN radical? Which of these three forms has the strongest bond? Explain.
- 37. Carry out a Hückel calculation for the  $\pi$  electron system of the allyl radical [CH<sub>2</sub>-CH-CH<sub>2</sub>] and thence calculate the molecular orbital energies in terms of the Hückel parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ . Sketch and label an energy level diagram to show which molecular orbitals are occupied.
- 38. The atomic orbital coefficients from a Hückel calculation for the allyl radical are given below. Use this data to calculate (i) the unpaired spin distribution in the allyl radical; (ii) the charge distribution in the allyl cation.

	$\phi_1$	$\phi_2$	$\phi_3$
$\psi_1$	0.500	0.707	0.500
$\psi_2$	0.707	0.000	0.707
$\psi_3$	0.500	-0.707	0.500