BUS 419

Preliminary Mathematics/Statistics Exam:

NOTE: This assignment is only for information purposes and the grade will NOT be used as part of the assignment component. If you cannot answer a question because the material is unfamiliar, leave a blank answer. Failure to submit the assignment will affect the assignment component of the assessment.

Be sure to provide the following information on your answer sheet:

- a) Your name; b) The course which was taken to satisfy the mathematical and statistical prerequisite for this course; c) If you are a college or international transfer student, indicate the school which you previously attended. If you are a SFU student indicate the instructor(s) who taught your math/stat. prerequisite course(s) and your BUS 316 instructor.
- 1) Evaluate by providing a numerical solution or simplify the expression where possible, otherwise expand the summation or formula listing all relevant terms:

a)
$$\sum_{t=0}^{10} t$$
 b) $\ln \{\exp[a]\} = \log_e \{e^a\}$

c)
$$\sum_{i=1}^{3} \sigma_{i}^{2} X_{i}^{2} + 2 \sum_{i>j} X_{i} X_{j} \sigma_{ij}$$
 d) $\sum_{j=1}^{3} \sum_{i=1}^{3} X_{i} X_{j} \sigma_{ij}$

e)
$$\exp[a]/\exp[bx] = e^{a}/e^{bx}$$
 f) $(x + y)^{3}$

g)
$$ln(1 + x)$$
 for x small (How small is small?)

2) Differentiate the function y with respect to the variable x, i.e., evaluate dy/dx:

a)
$$y = \frac{1}{\{1 + x\}^n}$$
 b) $y = \sum_{t=1}^T \frac{1}{\{1 + x\}^t}$

c)
$$y = \ln[x]$$
 d) $y = \exp[ax] \equiv e^{ax}$

3) Totally differentiate y where x and z are variables, and all other letters are parameters:

a)
$$y = ax^3 + bz^4$$
 b) $y = x^a z^b$ c) $y = (a+bx)/(c+dz+ez^2)$

- 3) Provide definitions (mathematical expressions or equations where possible) for the following terms:
- a) sample mean (average) b) sample variance c) sample covariance d) Taylor Series Expansion
- e) cumulative normal distribution f) normal density function g) bond duration h) bond convexity i) the delta of a call option j) the gamma of a put option e) the vega of a currency option
- 4) Simplify the following expressions by re-expressing the series as a ratio:

a)
$$1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + \dots$$
 for $|x| < 1$ b) $\sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{1}{\{1 + r\}^t}$