

KRW conjecture

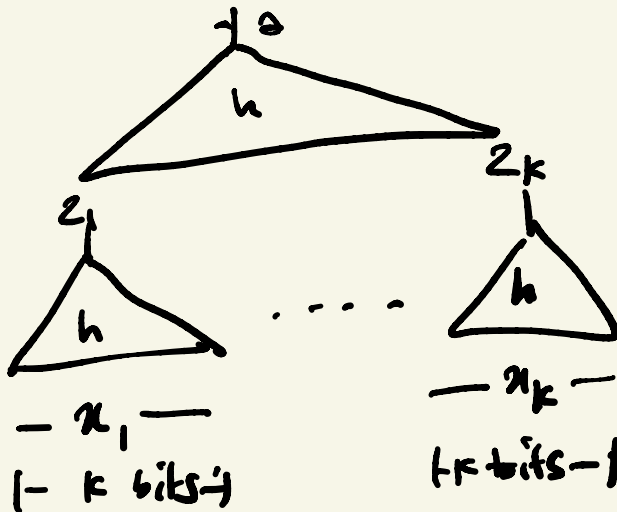
For any f, g $d(f \circ g) \approx d(f) + d(g)$

Claim: KRW conjecture \Leftrightarrow Superlog-Formula depth bounds

Say that there is some $h: \{0,1\}^k \rightarrow \{0,1\}$ which has good depth.

$d(h)$

$h \circ h : (\{0,1\}^k)^k \rightarrow \{0,1\}$



(f KRW)

$D(h \circ h)$

$$= D(h) + D(h)$$

IP KRW

$h^{(n)}$

$$D(\underbrace{h \circ \dots \circ h}_n) = D(h \circ h^{(n-1)})$$

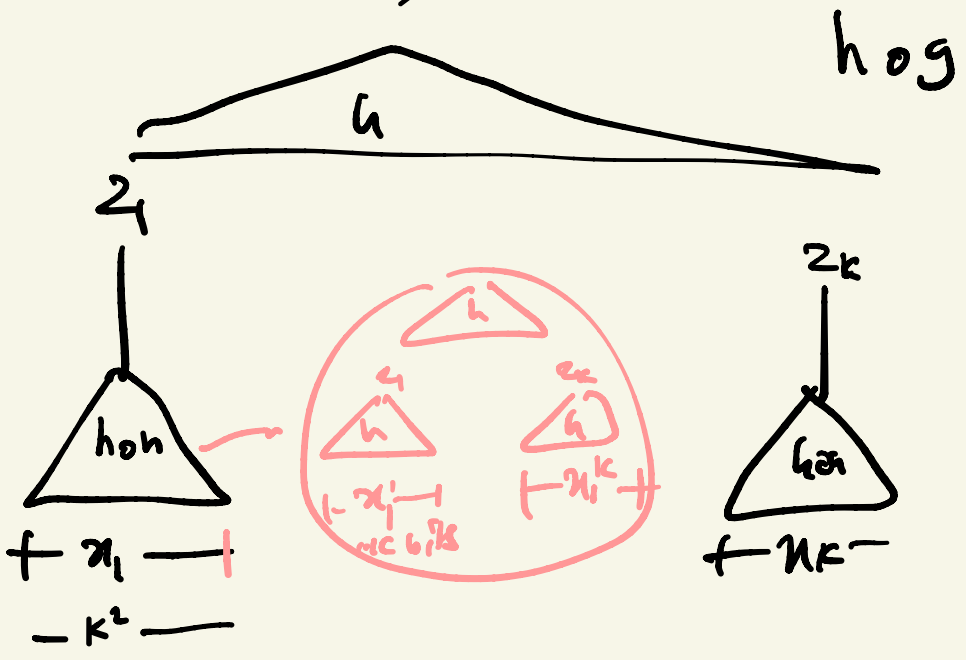
$$= D(h) + D(h^{(n-1)})$$

$$= D(h) + D(h) + D(h^{(n-2)})$$

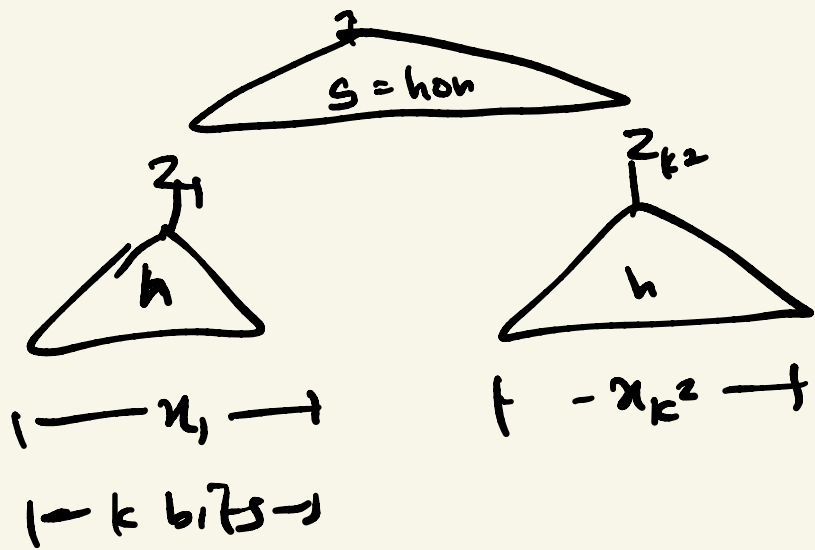
$$D(\underline{h \circ h \circ h}) = D(h \circ g) = n D(h)$$

$g = h \circ h : \{0,1\}^{k^2} \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

$h \circ h \circ h : ((\{0,1\}^k)^k)^k \rightarrow \{0,1\}$



goh



$$h^{(n)} = h \circ h^{(n-1)}$$

or

$$= h^{(n-1)} \circ h$$

IP KRW conjecture

$$D(\underbrace{h^{(n)}}_T) = n D(h)$$

(Recall $h: \{0,1\}^k \rightarrow \{0,1\}$)

$h^{(n)}$ on k^n bits of input

Fact #1 For any i/p size k

$$\exists h : \{0,1\}^k \rightarrow \{0,1\}$$

$$D(h) = \frac{k}{\log k}$$

Fact #2

$$T.T(h) = \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 0 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2^k 2^k
 2^k 2^k

Explicit representation of
any h takes $\Rightarrow 2^k$ bits

$$D(\underline{h^{(h)}}) = \overset{\text{if } k \text{ RW}}{D(h)} \times h = \frac{hk}{\log k}$$

Goal #1: Turn into an explicit
Rv.

Goal #2 figure out best

h

$$D(h^{(h)}) = \frac{hk}{\log k} \quad \text{input size } (h^{(h)}) = k^h$$

Andreev

$A(\boxed{\text{---}x\text{---}}, \boxed{\text{---}y\text{---}})$
|--- n bits ---| |--- n bits ---|



TT(h) on $\log n$ bits

$$2^{\log n} = n$$

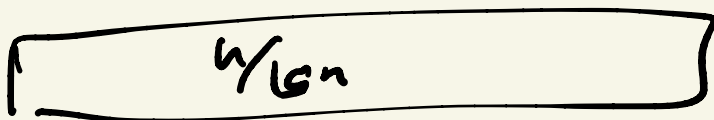
Fact #1 $\exists h (\exists x \in \{0,1\}^h)$

$$D(h) = \frac{k}{\log k}$$

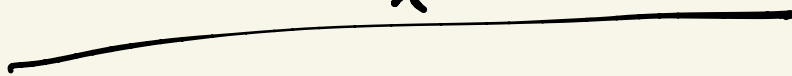
$$\frac{n}{(\log n)^j} = 1 \quad \text{at the } j^{\text{th}} \text{ levels}$$

$$\frac{n}{\log^2 n}$$

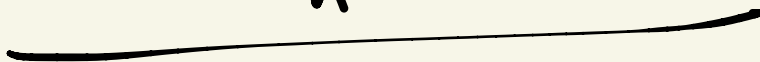
↑
h₂



h_x



n



Find j st.

$$\frac{n}{(\log n)^j} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow (\log n)^j = n$$

$$j = \frac{\log n}{\log \log n}$$

$$A(\text{---}x\text{---}, \text{---}y\text{---})$$

$$= h_x \left(\frac{\log n}{\log \log n} \right) (y)$$

We know $\exists h : \{0,1\}^{\log n} \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

$$\approx \text{TT}(h) = \underbrace{\begin{matrix} |0 & \dots & 1| \\ \hline n \end{matrix}}$$

$\Rightarrow n, \text{st.}$

$$D(h_x) = \frac{\log n}{\log \log n}$$

$$\underline{D(A)} \cong \underline{D(A(n, \cdot))}$$

$$A(n, y) = h_x^{(j)}(y)$$

$$= D(h_x^{(j)})$$

by KRW conjecture

$$D(A) \cong j \times D(h_x)$$

$$= j \times \frac{\log n}{\log \log n}$$

$$= \frac{\log n}{\log \log n} \times \frac{\log n}{\log \log n}$$

$$D(A) \Rightarrow \frac{\log^2 n}{\log \log n}$$
